

APPENDIX A: ALTERNATIVE DEVELOPMENT AND EVALUATION

ROADWAY

Scorecards

Project Concepts

BICYCLE/PEDESTRIAN

Scorecards

TRANSIT

Scorecards









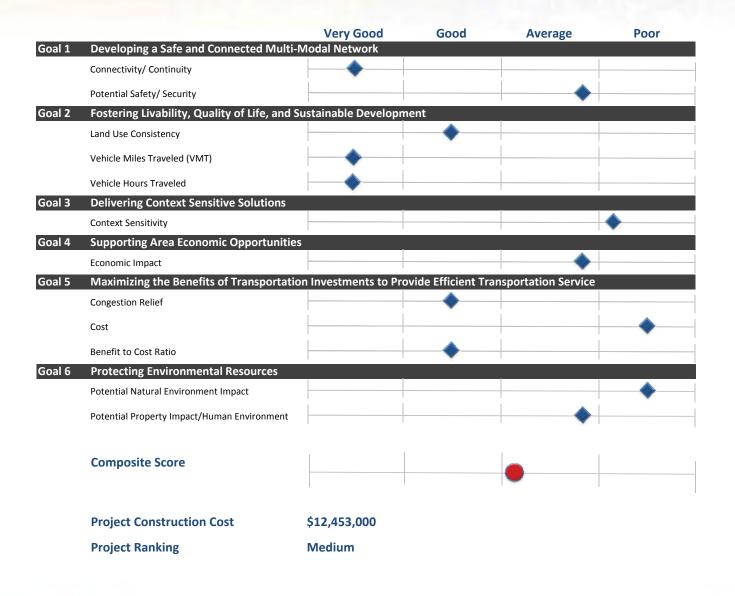
ROADWAY Scorecards Project Concepts





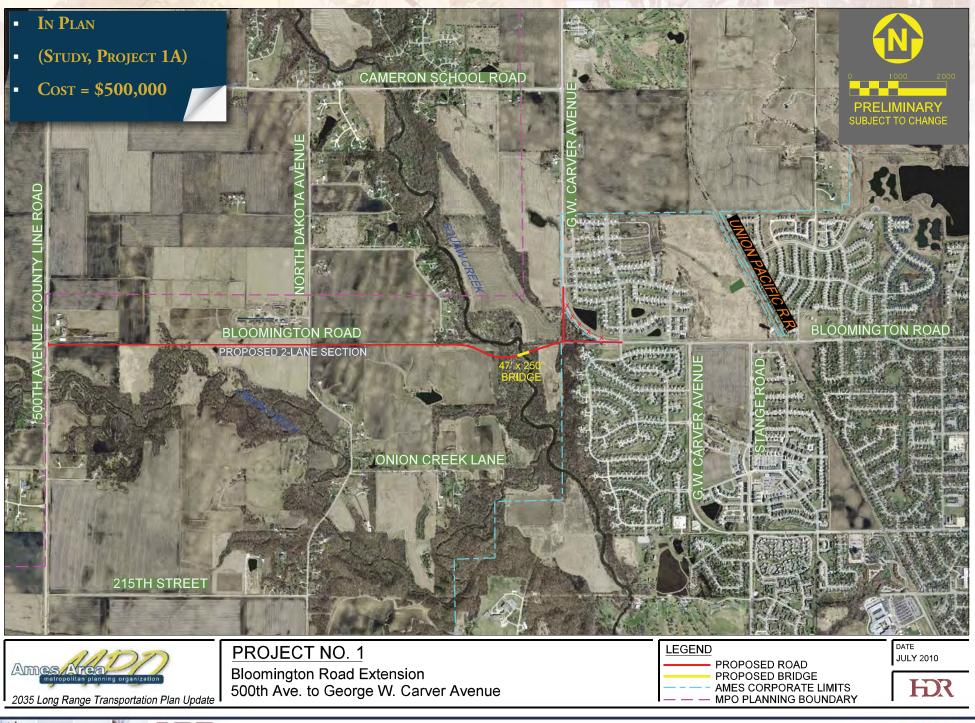
Project Number 1 Project Name Blooming

Bloomington Road Extension - 500th Ave. to George W. Carver Ave.









PAGE A-5



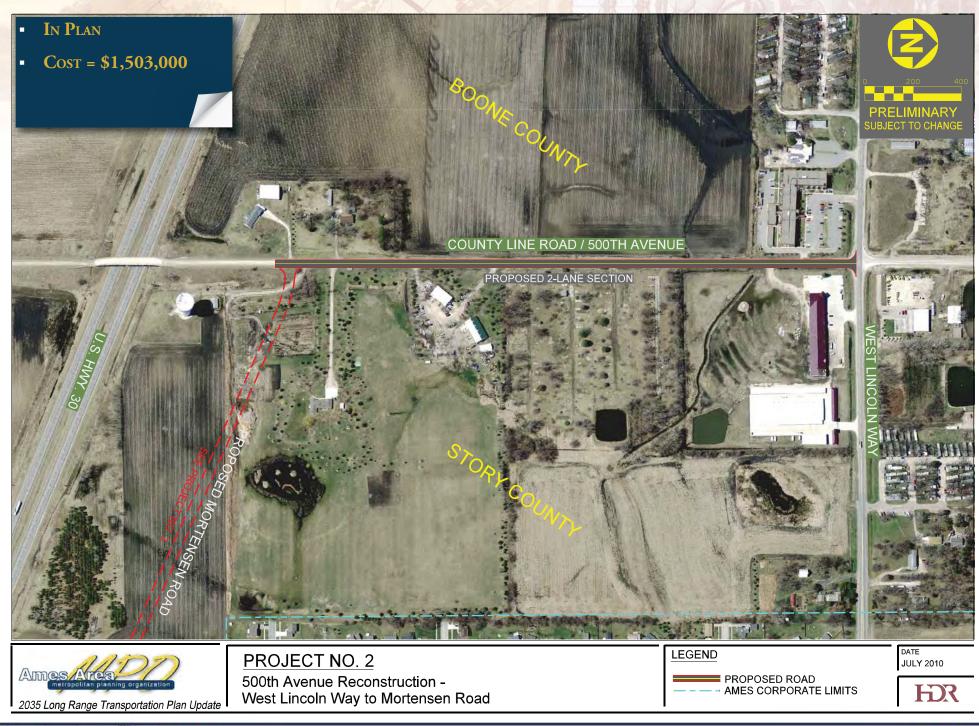
Project Number2Project Name500th Avenue Reconstruction

500th Avenue Reconstruction - W. Lincoln Way to Mortensen Road

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-I	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity				
	Potential Safety/ Security			•	
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		1
	Land Use Consistency				
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)				•
	Vehicle Hours Traveled			-	
ioal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity			-	
ioal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	;		-	1
	Economic Impact			-	
ioal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	n Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	e
	Congestion Relief			-	
	Cost			•	
	Benefit to Cost Ratio				
ioal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment				
		1		I	1
	Composite Score			•	
					I
	Project Construction Cost	\$1,503,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			













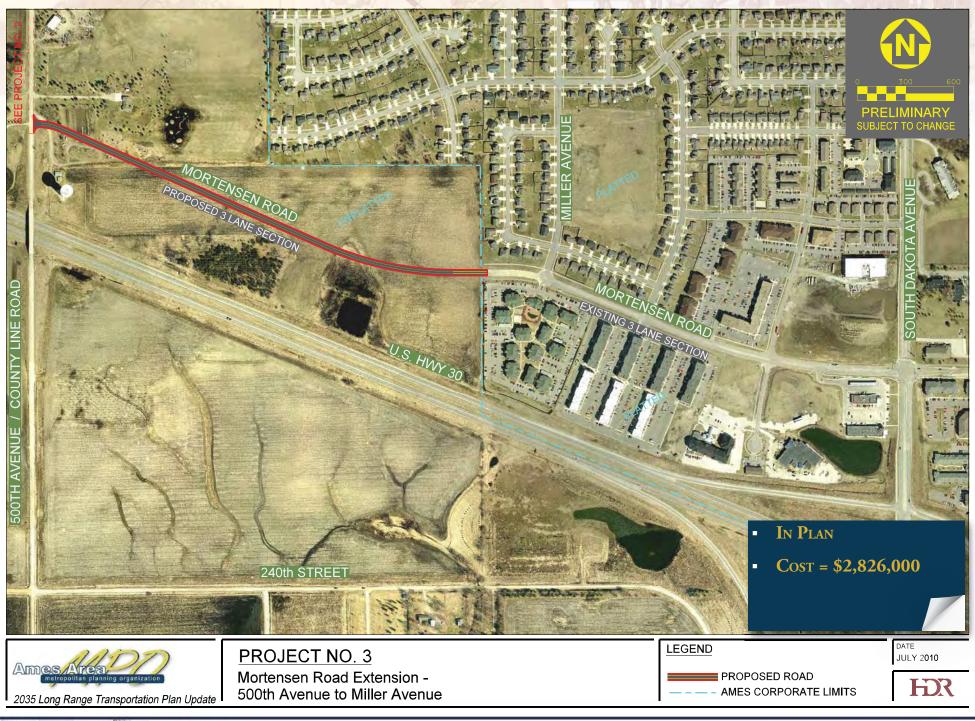
Project Number3Project NameMortensen Road E

Mortensen Road Extension - 500th Ave. to Miller Ave.

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
oal 1 De	veloping a Safe and Connected Multi-M	odal Network		1	
Con	nectivity/ Continuity	•			
Pote	ential Safety/ Security				
oal 2 Fos	stering Livability, Quality of Life, and Sus	tainable Developr	nent	1	
Lan	d Use Consistency				
Veh	icle Miles Traveled (VMT)		•		
Veh	icle Hours Traveled				
oal 3 Del	livering Context Sensitive Solutions				
Con	text Sensitivity				
oal 4 Sup	pporting Area Economic Opportunities				
Eco	nomic Impact		•		
oal 5 Ma	eximizing the Benefits of Transportation	Investments to Pr	ovide Efficient Trans	portation Service	
Con	gestion Relief				
Cos	t				
Ben	efit to Cost Ratio			•	
oal 6 Pro	otecting Environmental Resources			1	
Pote	ential Natural Environment Impact				
Pote	ential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
60	mposite Score		_		
			•		
Pro	oject Construction Cost	\$2,826,000			
		High			











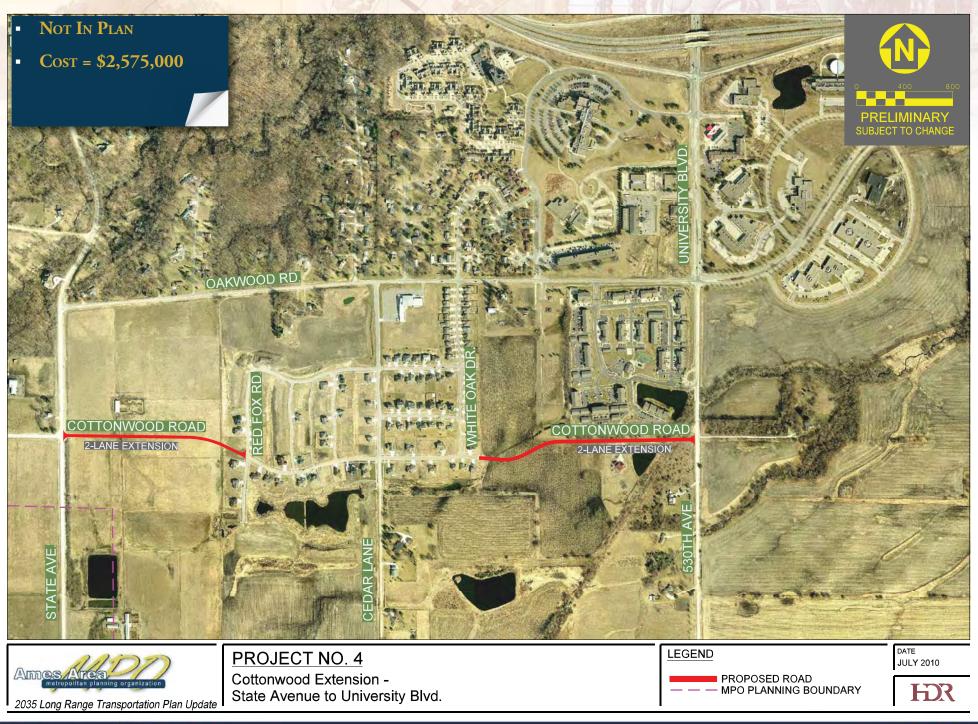


Project Number4Project NameCottonwood Extens

Cottonwood Extension - State Ave. to University Blvd.

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-N	Modal Network		1	
	Connectivity/ Continuity		•		
	Potential Safety/ Security			•	
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Develop	ment		
	Land Use Consistency			•	
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)				•
	Vehicle Hours Traveled		•		
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity			•	
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	3			
	Economic Impact			•	
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pi	rovide Efficient Trar	sportation Service	
	Congestion Relief			•	
	Cost			•	
	Benefit to Cost Ratio				•
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact		-		
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment			•	
	Composite Score				
	Project Construction Cost	\$2,575,000			
	-				
	Project Ranking	Low			











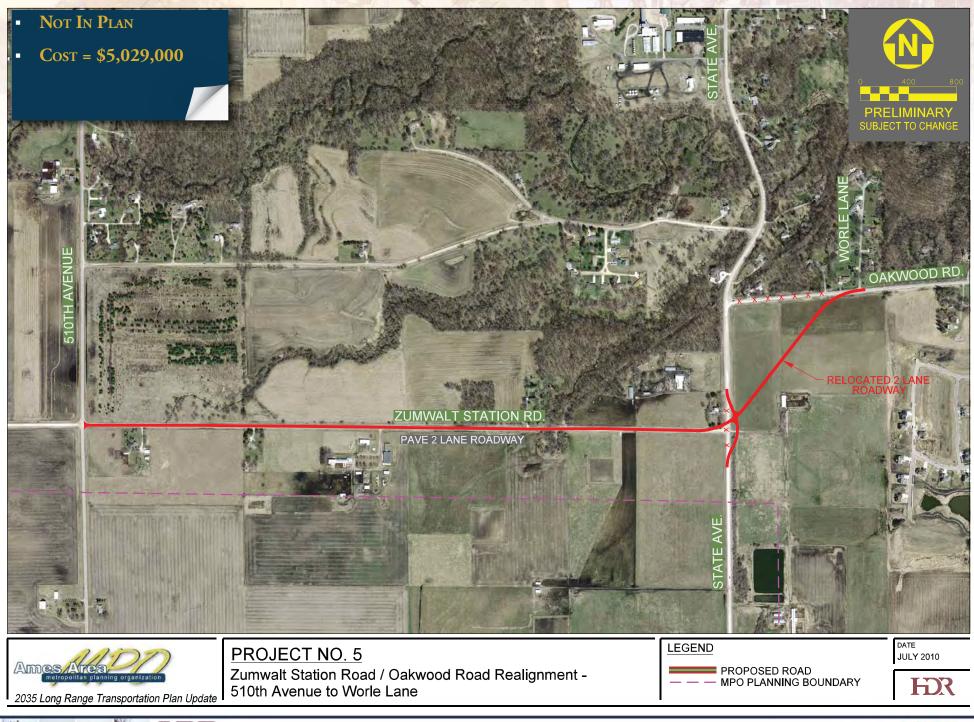
Project Number5Project NameZumwalt Station Road

Zumwalt Station Road / Oakwood Road Realignment- 510th Ave. to Worle Ln.

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-I	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity		~		
	Potential Safety/ Security			-	
ioal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency				
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)				
	Vehicle Hours Traveled				
ioal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity			→ ↓	
ioal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact			-	
ioal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Prov	vide Efficient Tra	ansportation Service	
	Congestion Relief				
	Cost				
	Benefit to Cost Ratio				
oal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact			-	
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		-		
	Composite Score				
				•	
	Project Construction Cost	\$5,029,000			
	Project Ranking	Low			







PAGE A~13

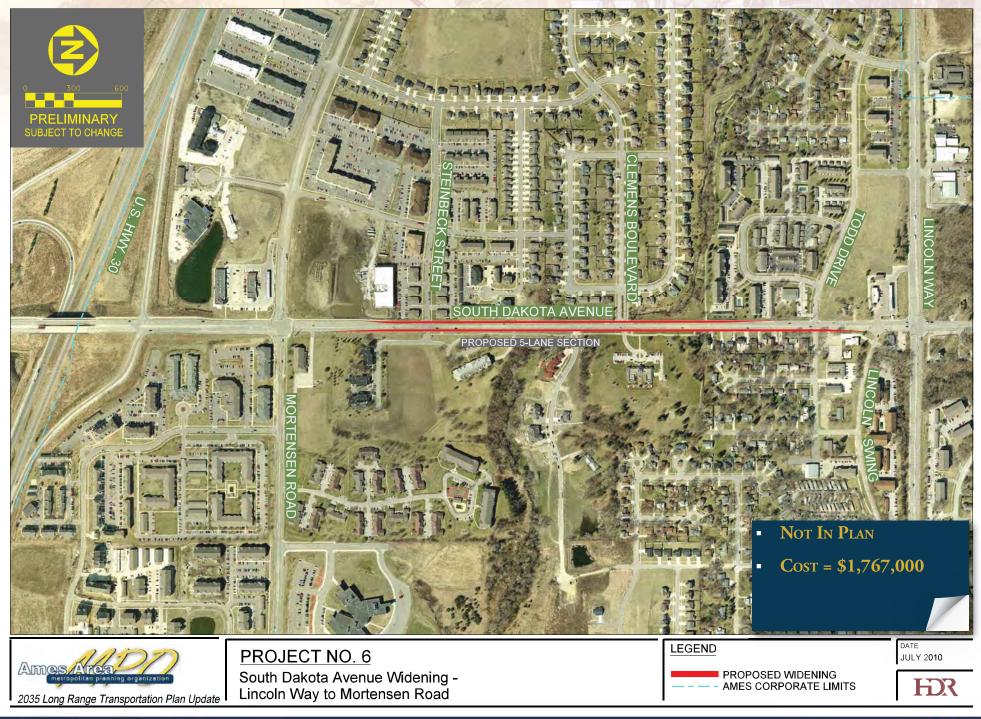


Project Number6Project NameS. Dakota Ave. Widening - Lincoln Way to Mortensen Road

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor			
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-Modal Network							
	Connectivity/ Continuity							
	Potential Safety/ Security		-					
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent					
	Land Use Consistency							
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)				-			
	Vehicle Hours Traveled			•				
ioal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions			1				
	Context Sensitivity			•				
ioal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	5	•					
	Economic Impact							
oal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation Investments to Provide Efficient Transportation Service							
	Congestion Relief			•				
	Cost			-				
	Benefit to Cost Ratio				•			
oal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources	, ,						
	Potential Natural Environment Impact			-				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment							
	Composite Score							
	Project Construction Cost	\$1,767,000						
	Project Ranking	Medium						
		Weulum						













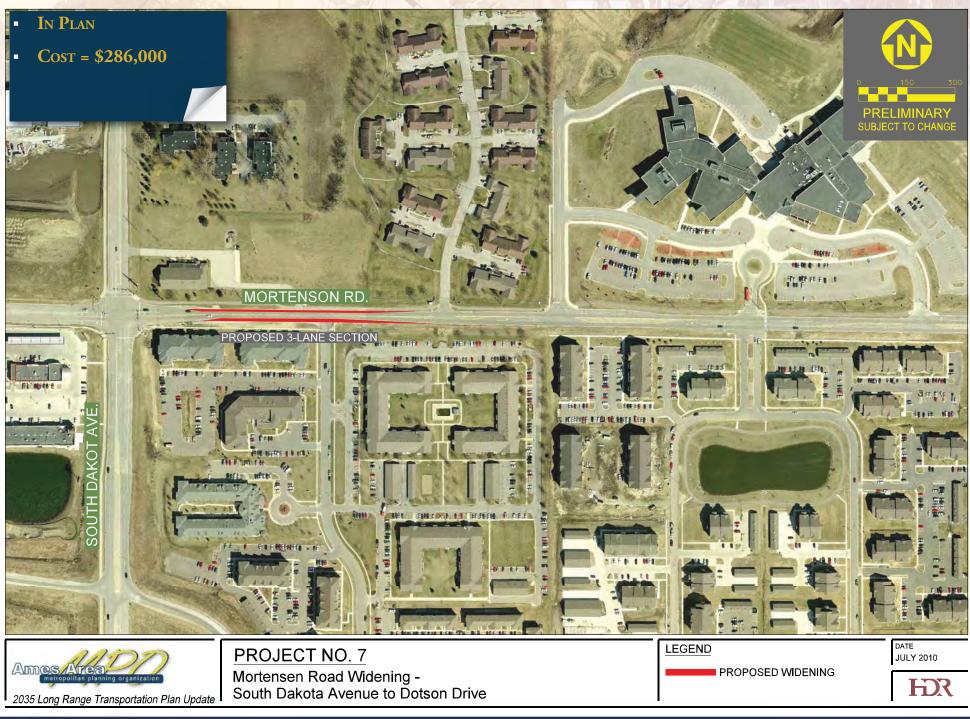
Project Number7Project NameMortensen R

Mortensen Rd. Widening - S. Dakota Ave. to Dotson Dr.

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity				
	Potential Safety/ Security		•		
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Develop	ment		
	Land Use Consistency			•	
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)			•	
	Vehicle Hours Traveled			•	
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions	1		· · · ·	
	Context Sensitivity			•	
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	3			
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	n Investments to P	rovide Efficient Trar	sportation Service	
	Congestion Relief			•	
	Cost		•		
	Benefit to Cost Ratio				
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources	1		1	
	Potential Natural Environment Impact		-		
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
	Composite Score				
				•	
	Project Construction Cost	\$286,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			





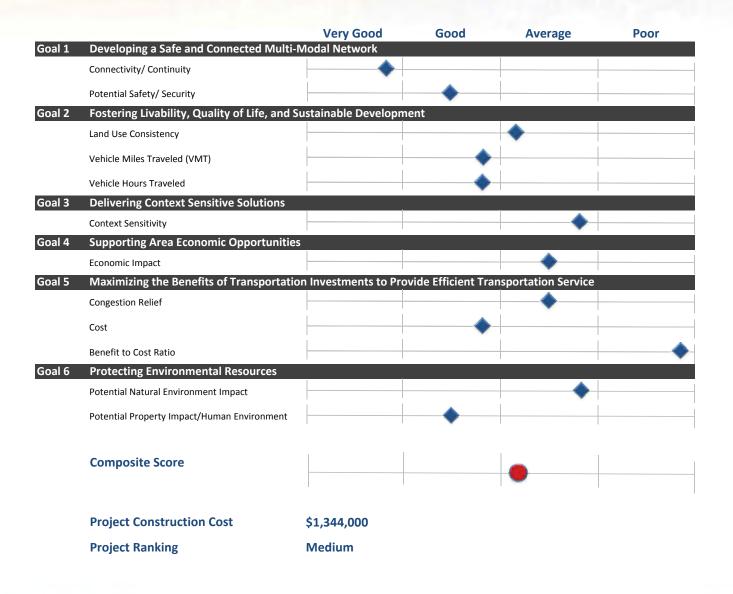






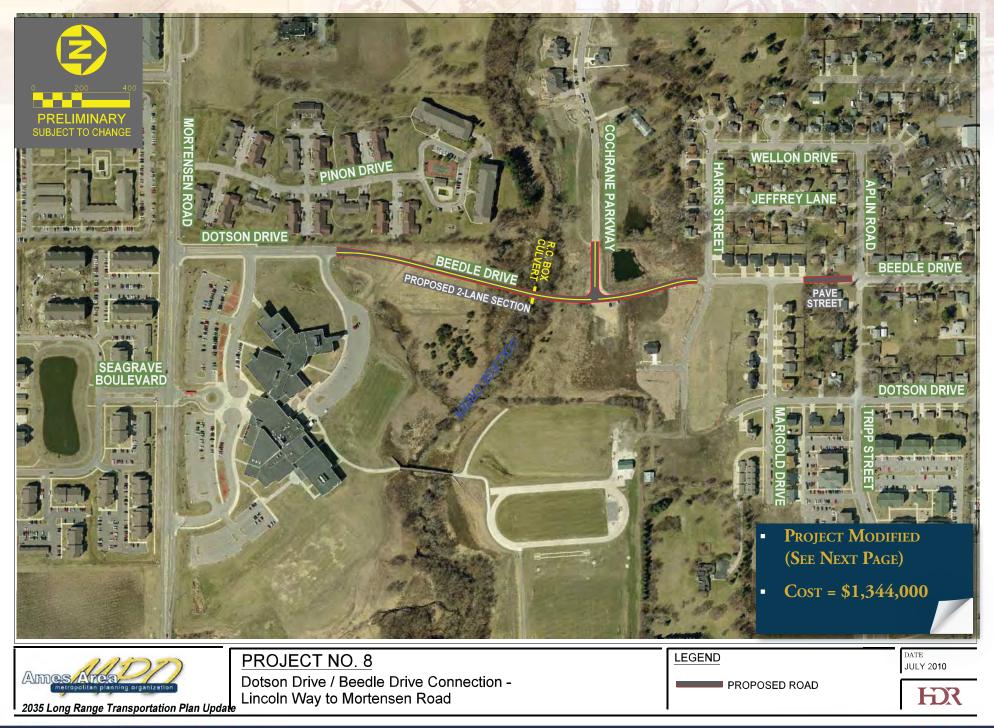
Project Number8Project NameDotson Dr. / Beed

Dotson Dr. / Beedle Dr. Connection - Lincoln Way to Mortensen Road







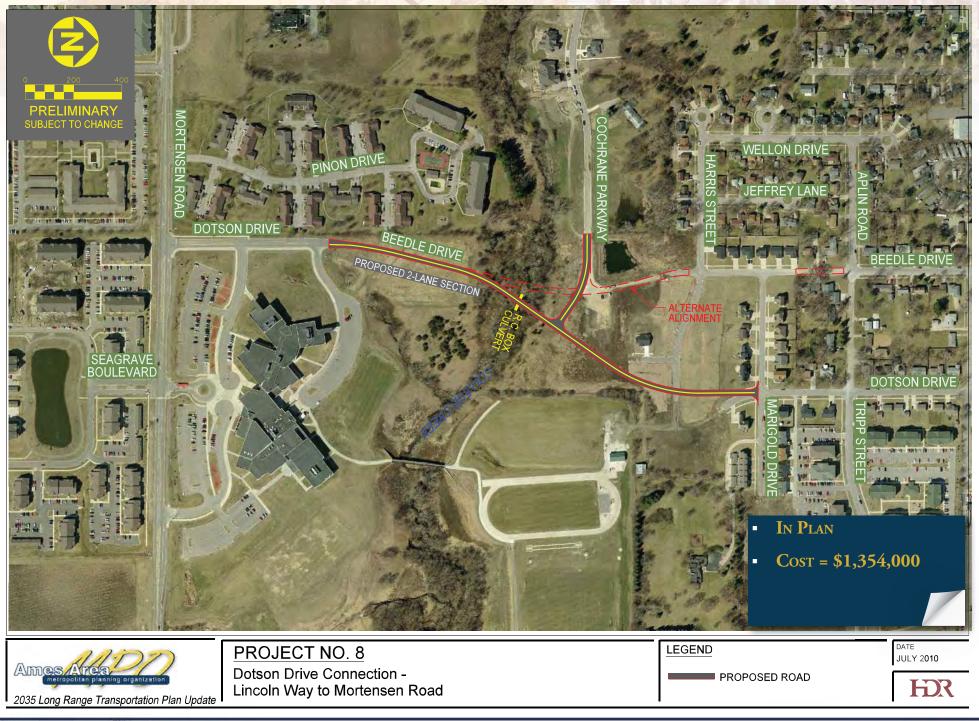














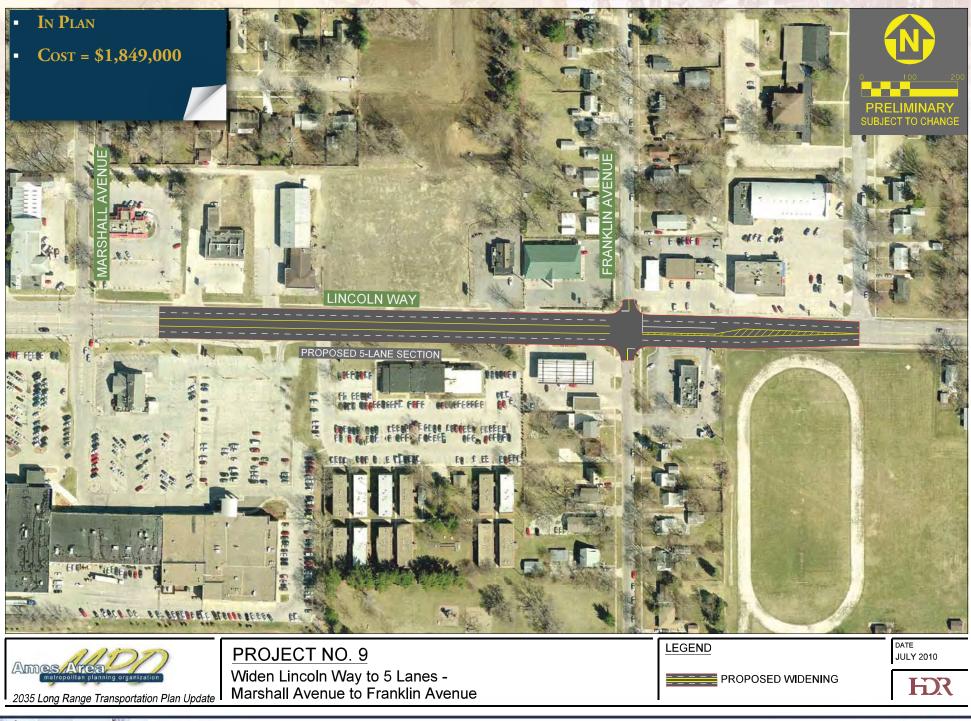


Project Number9Project NameLincoln Way Widening

Lincoln Way Widening - Marshall Ave. to Franklin Ave.

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-N	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity			-	
	Potential Safety/ Security		•		
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Develop	ment	<u> </u>	
	Land Use Consistency				
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)			•	
	Vehicle Hours Traveled				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity			•	
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities		1		
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pr	ovide Efficient Trar	sportation Service	
	Congestion Relief			•	
	Cost			•	
	Benefit to Cost Ratio		•		
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources		1		
	Potential Natural Environment Impact		-		
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
	Composite Score				
				-	
	Project Construction Cost	\$1,849,000			
	-				
	Project Ranking	High			







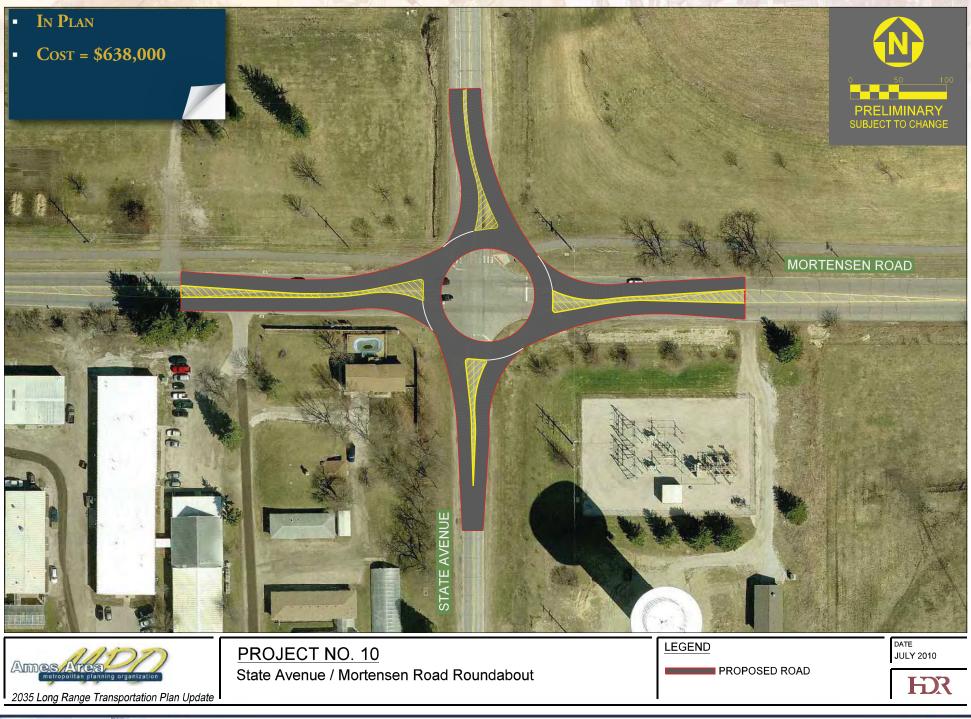


Project Number10Project NameState Ave. / Mortensen Rd. Roundabout

Very Good Good Average Poor Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-Modal Network Goal 1 Connectivity/ Continuity Potential Safety/ Security Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and Sustainable Development Goal 2 Land Use Consistency Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) Vehicle Hours Traveled Goal 3 **Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions Context Sensitivity** Goal 4 **Supporting Area Economic Opportunities Economic Impact** Goal 5 Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation Investments to Provide Efficient Transportation Service **Congestion Relief** Cost Benefit to Cost Ratio Goal 6 **Protecting Environmental Resources** Potential Natural Environment Impact Potential Property Impact/Human Environment **Composite Score Project Construction Cost** \$638,000 **Project Ranking** High









Project Number11Project NameN. Dakota Widening -

N. Dakota Widening - Ontario Street to 215th Street

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity			•	
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		1
	Land Use Consistency				
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)				-
	Vehicle Hours Traveled		•		
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				-
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	5			
	Economic Impact				
ioal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	on Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Trans	portation Service	
	Congestion Relief				
	Cost		•		
	Benefit to Cost Ratio		•		
ioal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact		-		
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
	Composite Score				
	•			•	
	Project Construction Cost	\$99 0,000			
	Project Ranking	High			
	-				





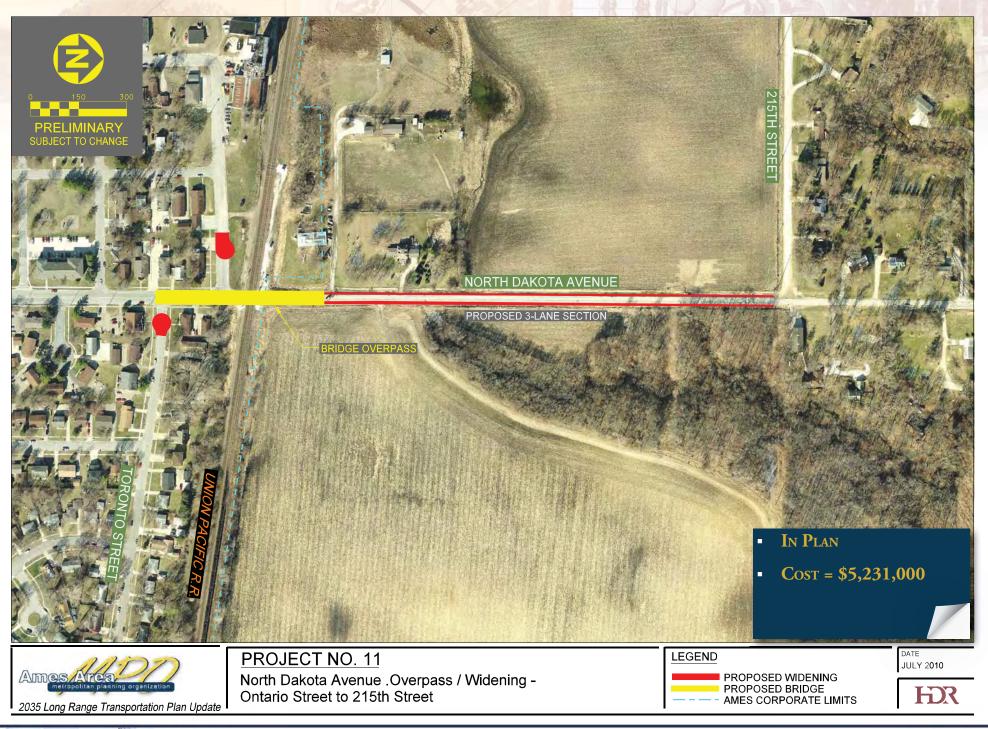










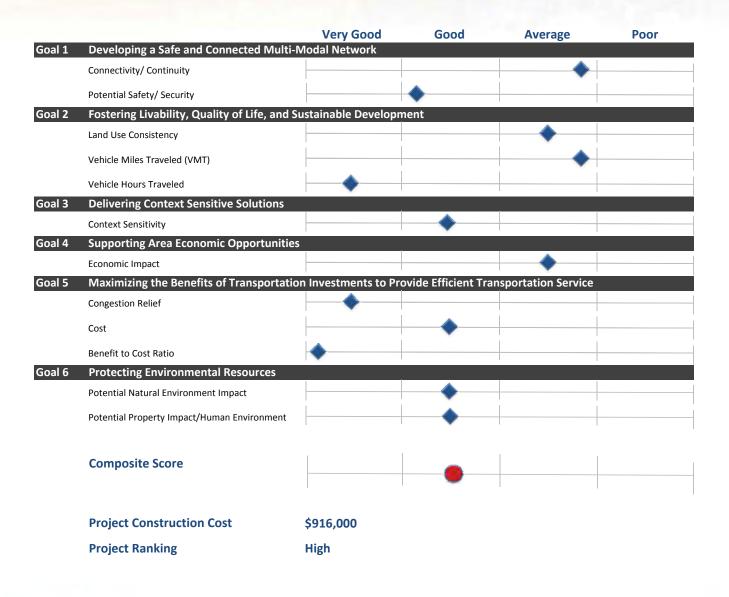






 Project Number
 12a

 Project Name
 Stange Rd. / 13th Street Intersection Improvements - Roundabout







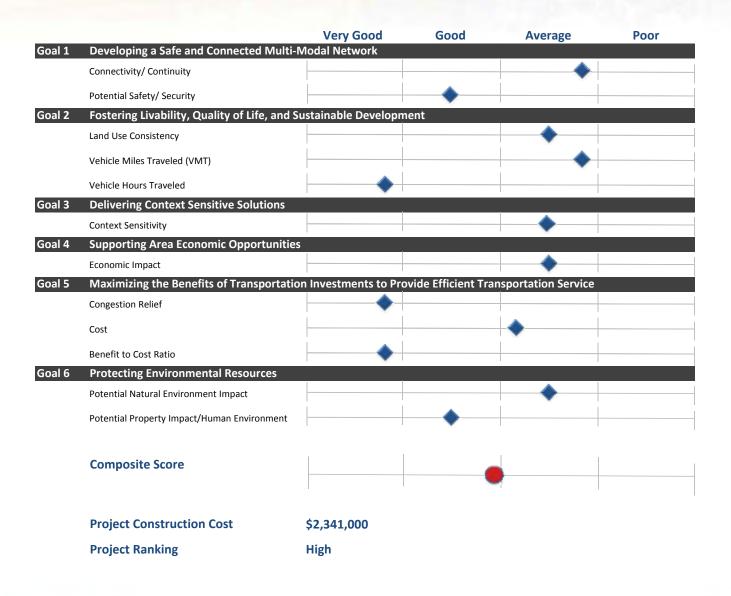






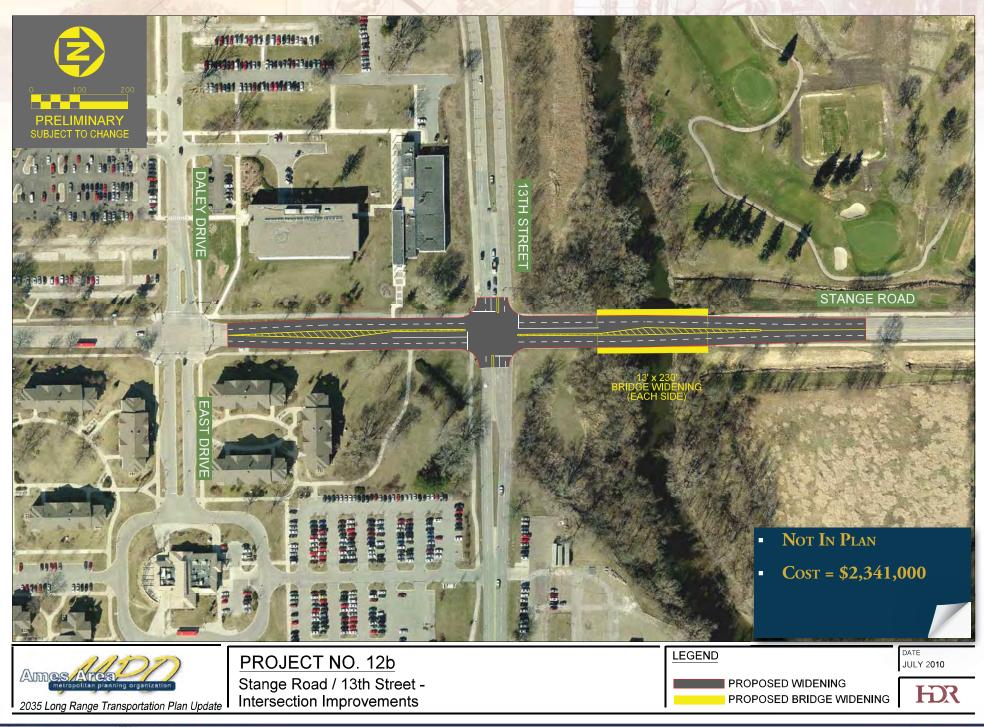
Project Number12bProject NameStange Rd. / 13th Street Interse

Stange Rd. / 13th Street Intersection Improvements - North/South Left-Turn Lanes













Project Number13Project NameHaber Rd. Realignment and Widening - Pammel Dr. to 13th Street

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-	Modal Network	•		
	Connectivity/ Continuity				
	Potential Safety/ Security		•		
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		1
	Land Use Consistency			•	
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)		•		
	Vehicle Hours Traveled				
ioal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions	· · ·			1
	Context Sensitivity		•		
ioal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	5			1
	Economic Impact			-	
ioal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	on Investments to Prov	vide Efficient Trans	sportation Service	
	Congestion Relief			•	
	Cost				
	Benefit to Cost Ratio				•
ioal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources		•		1
	Potential Natural Environment Impact		•		
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
	Common its Common	1			I
	Composite Score			•	
	Project Construction Cost	\$16,319,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			











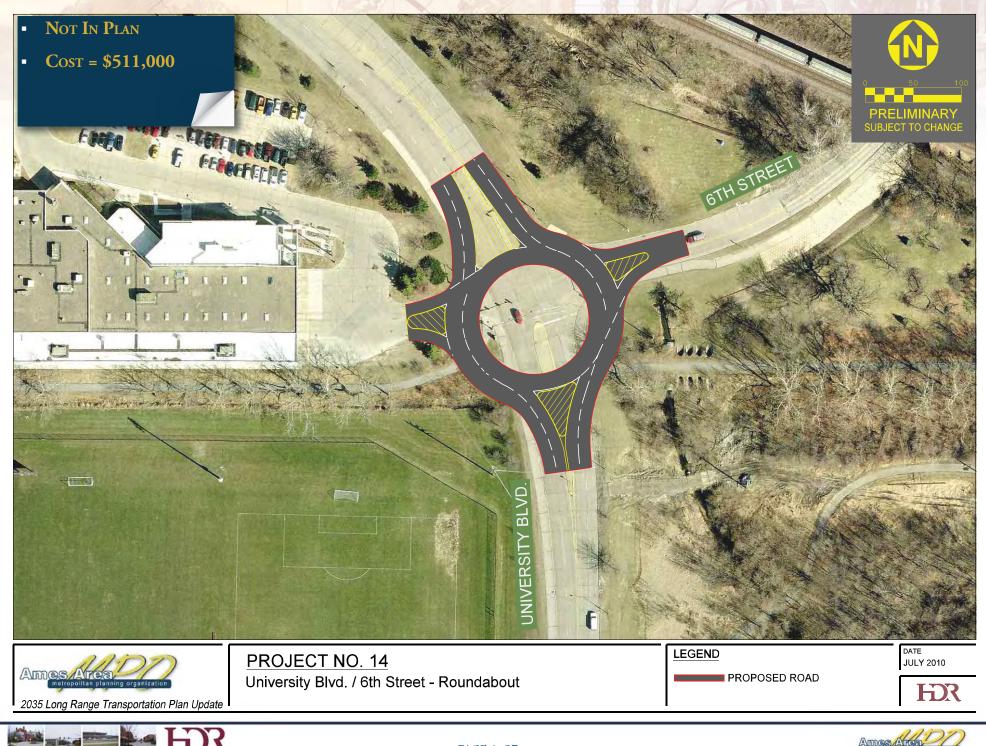


Project Number14Project NameUniversity Blvd. / 6th Street Roundabout

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-I	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity			•	
	Potential Safety/ Security				
ioal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	nent		
	Land Use Consistency				
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)			•	
	Vehicle Hours Traveled			•	
ioal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions	· ·			
	Context Sensitivity		-		
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pro	ovide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	
	Congestion Relief			<u>↓ ◆ </u>	
	Cost				
	Benefit to Cost Ratio		•		
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources	· ·			
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment				
	Composite Score				
	Project Construction Cost	\$511,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			
	Project Kanking	Medium			

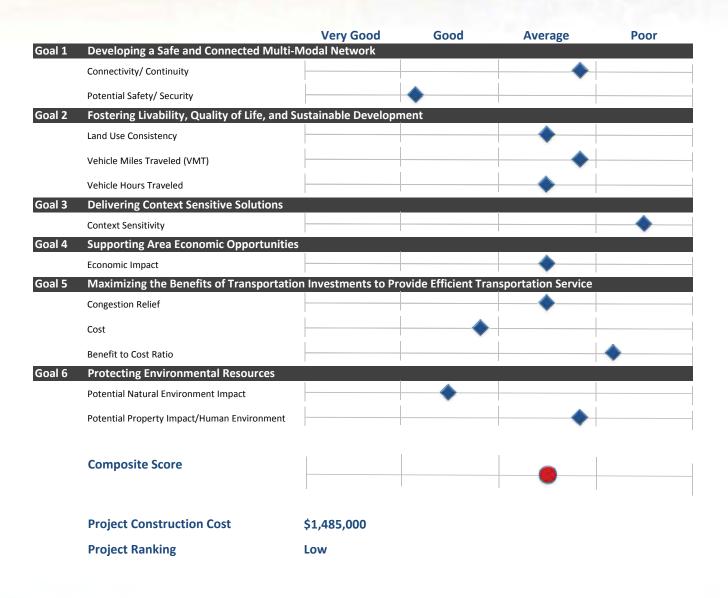






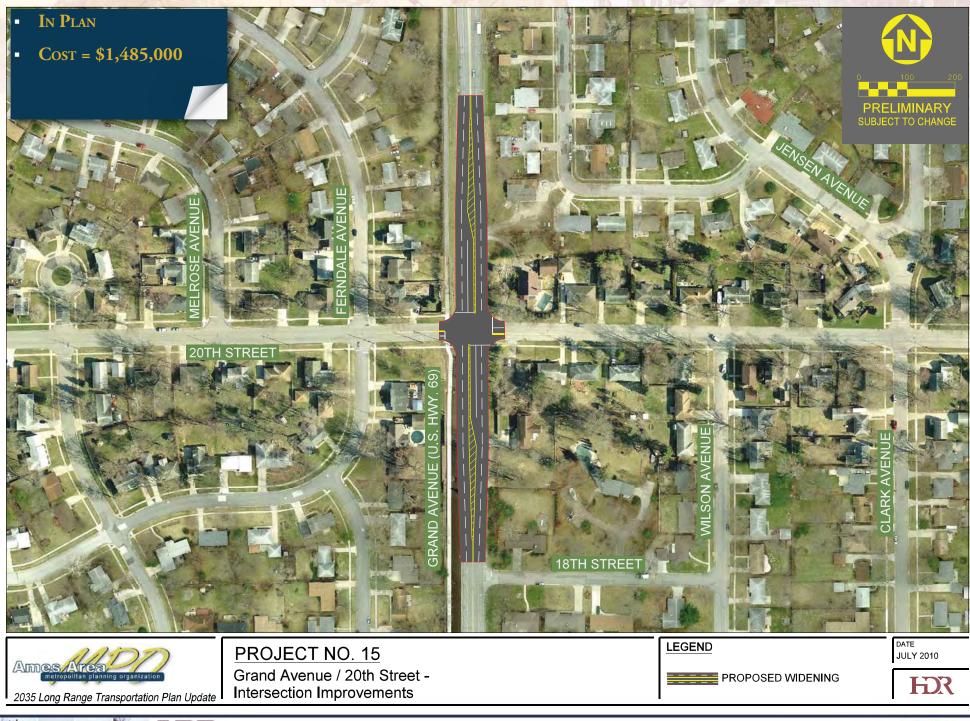
 Project Number
 15

 Project Name
 Grand Ave. / 20th Street Intersection Improvements













PAGE A~39

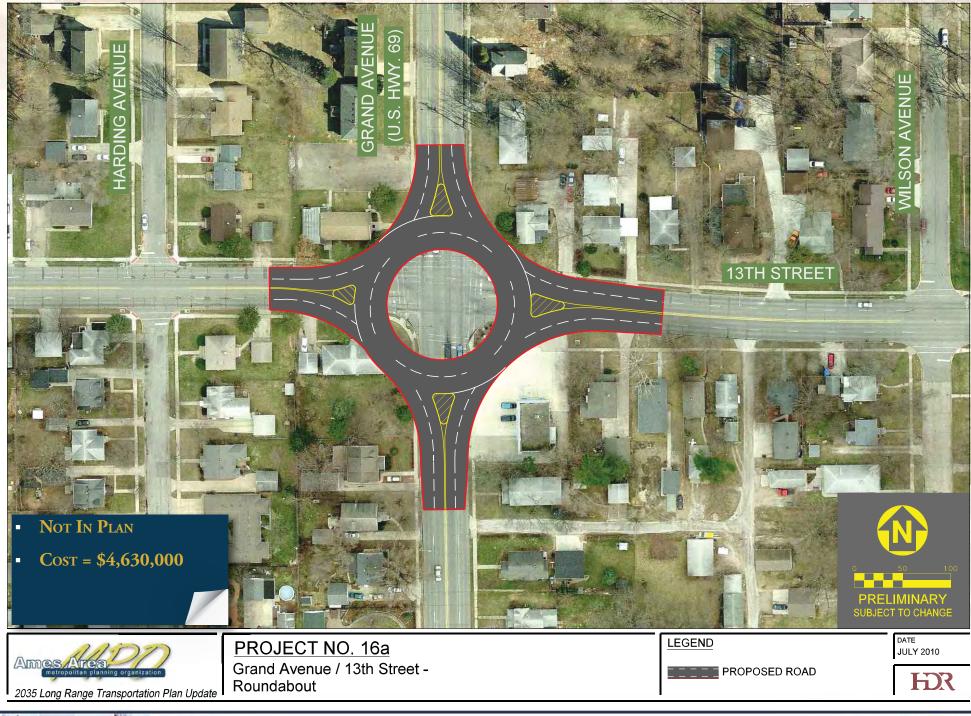
 Project Number
 16a

 Project Name
 Grand Ave. / 13th Street Intersection Improvements- Roundabout

Very Good Good Average Poor Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-Modal Network Goal 1 Connectivity/ Continuity Potential Safety/ Security Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and Sustainable Development Goal 2 Land Use Consistency Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) Vehicle Hours Traveled Goal 3 **Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions Context Sensitivity** Goal 4 **Supporting Area Economic Opportunities** Economic Impact Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation Investments to Provide Efficient Transportation Service Goal 5 **Congestion Relief** Cost Benefit to Cost Ratio **Protecting Environmental Resources** Goal 6 Potential Natural Environment Impact Potential Property Impact/Human Environment **Composite Score Project Construction Cost** \$4,630,000 **Project Ranking** High











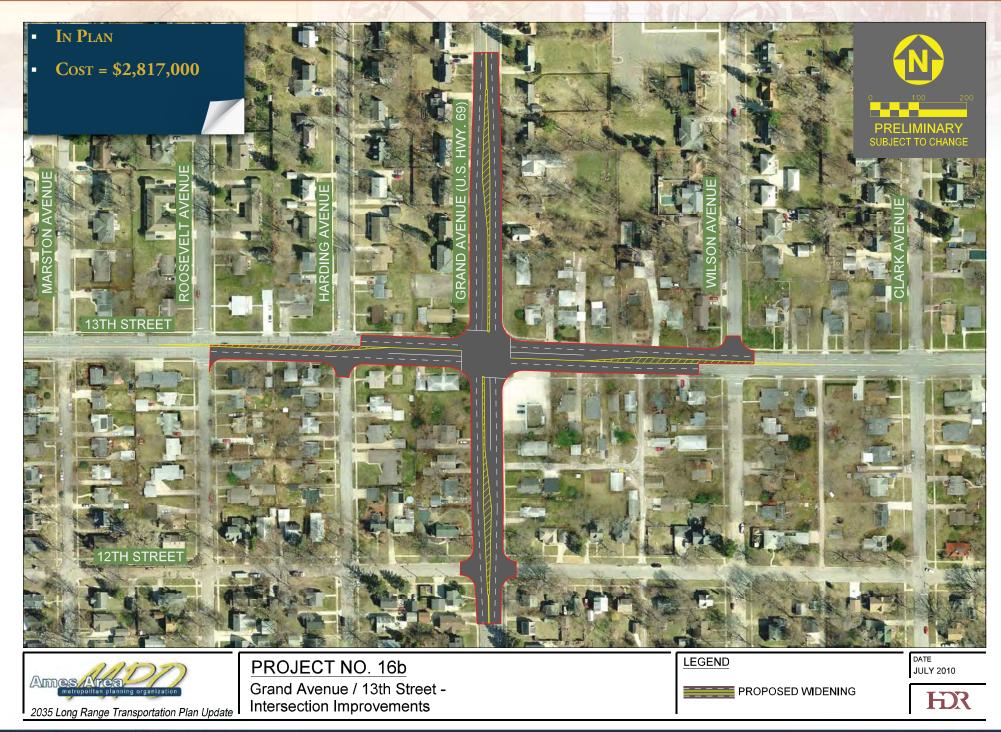
Project Number16bProject NameGrand Ave. / 13th Street

Grand Ave. / 13th Street Intersection Improvements- Add Left-Turn Lanes

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-N	Aodal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity			•	
	Potential Safety/ Security				
ioal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and Se	ustainable Developme	ent		
	Land Use Consistency				
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)			•	
	Vehicle Hours Traveled	•			
oal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions	· · · ·		Î l	
	Context Sensitivity				
ioal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	· ·			
	Economic Impact		-		
ioal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Prov	vide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	
	Congestion Relief				
	Cost				
	Benefit to Cost Ratio				
oal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources	· ·			
	Potential Natural Environment Impact		-		
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment				♦
		1 I		1	
	Composite Score				
				1	
	Project Construction Cost	\$2,817,000			
	Project Ranking	High			









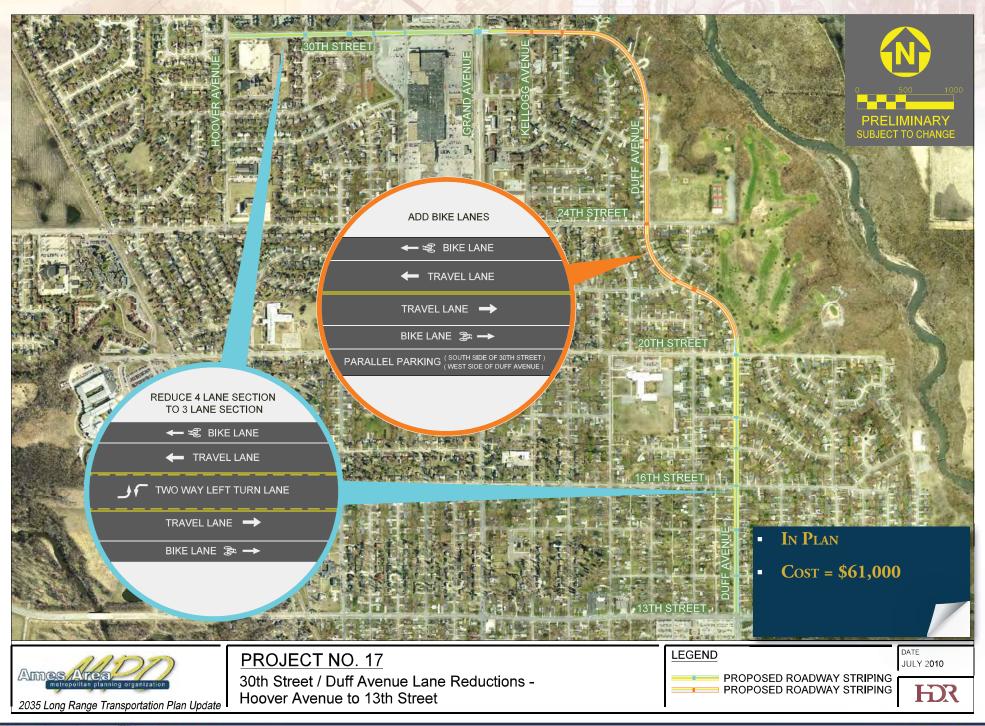


Project Number17Project Name30th Street / Duff Ave. Lane Reductions - Hoover Ave. to 13th Street

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity				•
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency				
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)				•
	Vehicle Hours Traveled				•
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions			1	
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	3			1
	Economic Impact			•	
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	on Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	2
	Congestion Relief			-	
	Cost	•			
	Benefit to Cost Ratio				-
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1
	Potential Natural Environment Impact		-		
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment	•			
	Composite Score				
				-	
	Project Construction Cost	\$61,000			
	Project Ranking	High			





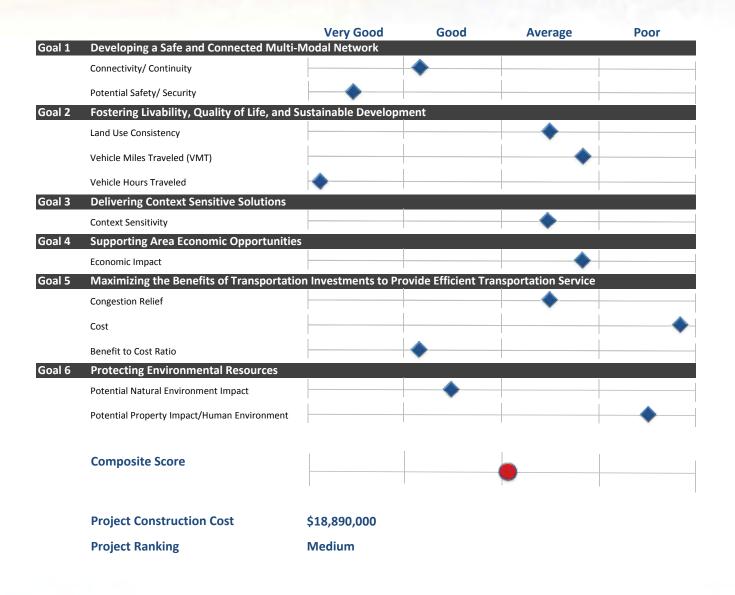






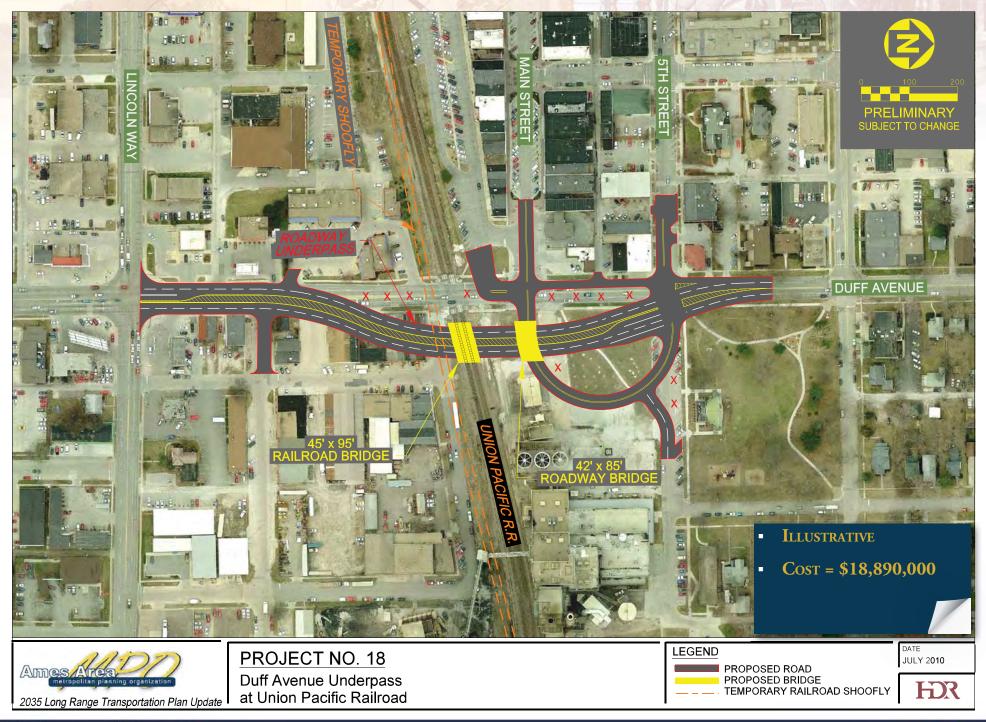
Project Number 18 **Project Name**

Duff Ave. Underpass at Union Pacific Railroad















Project Number19Project NameLincoln Way Left-Turn Lanes at Clark Ave.

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-I	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity				
	Potential Safety/ Security		♦		
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency				
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)			•	
	Vehicle Hours Traveled				
ioal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions			- 1	
	Context Sensitivity			•	
ioal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	;			
	Economic Impact		•		
ioal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Trans	sportation Service	
	Congestion Relief			•	
	Cost		-		
	Benefit to Cost Ratio		•		
ioal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources	, 1			
	Potential Natural Environment Impact		•		
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
		1	1	1	
	Composite Score				
			T		
	Project Construction Cost	\$1,453,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			





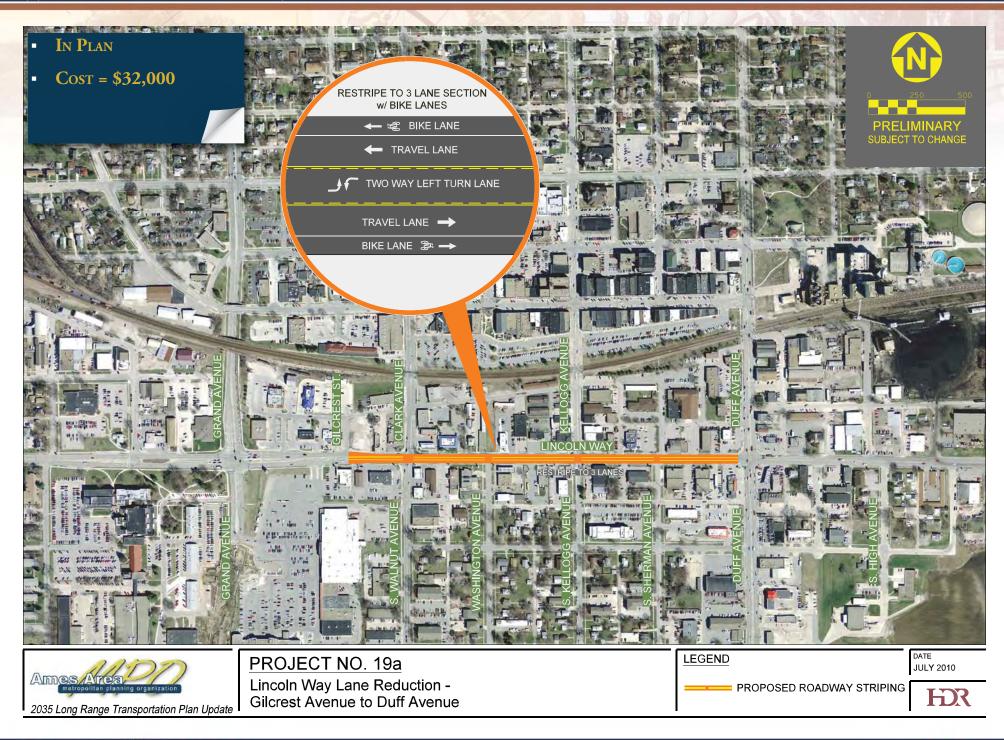














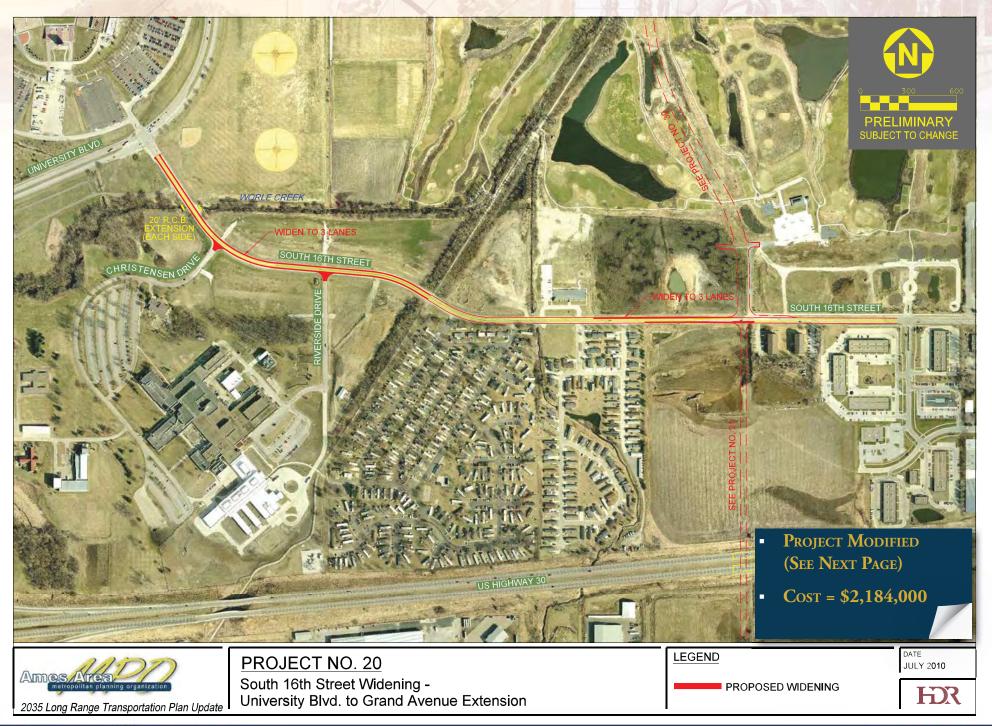


Project Number20Project NameS. 16th Street Widening - University Blvd. to Grand Ave. Extension

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
ioal 1 Developing a Safe	e and Connected Multi-	Modal Network			
Connectivity/ Continu	lity			•	
Potential Safety/ Secu	urity			•	
ioal 2 Fostering Livabili	ty, Quality of Life, and S	Sustainable Developm	ent		
Land Use Consistency	,			•	
Vehicle Miles Travele	d (VMT)			•	
Vehicle Hours Travele	ed			-	
oal 3 Delivering Contex	t Sensitive Solutions				
Context Sensitivity					
oal 4 Supporting Area	Economic Opportunitie	S			1
Economic Impact				•	
oal 5 Maximizing the B	enefits of Transportation	on Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	9
Congestion Relief				•	
Cost				•	
Benefit to Cost Ratio					-
oal 6 Protecting Enviro	nmental Resources				1
Potential Natural Env	ironment Impact				
Potential Property Im	pact/Human Environment			•	
				1	1
Composite Scor	e				
				-	
Project Constru	ction Cost	\$2,184,000			
Project Ranking		Low			





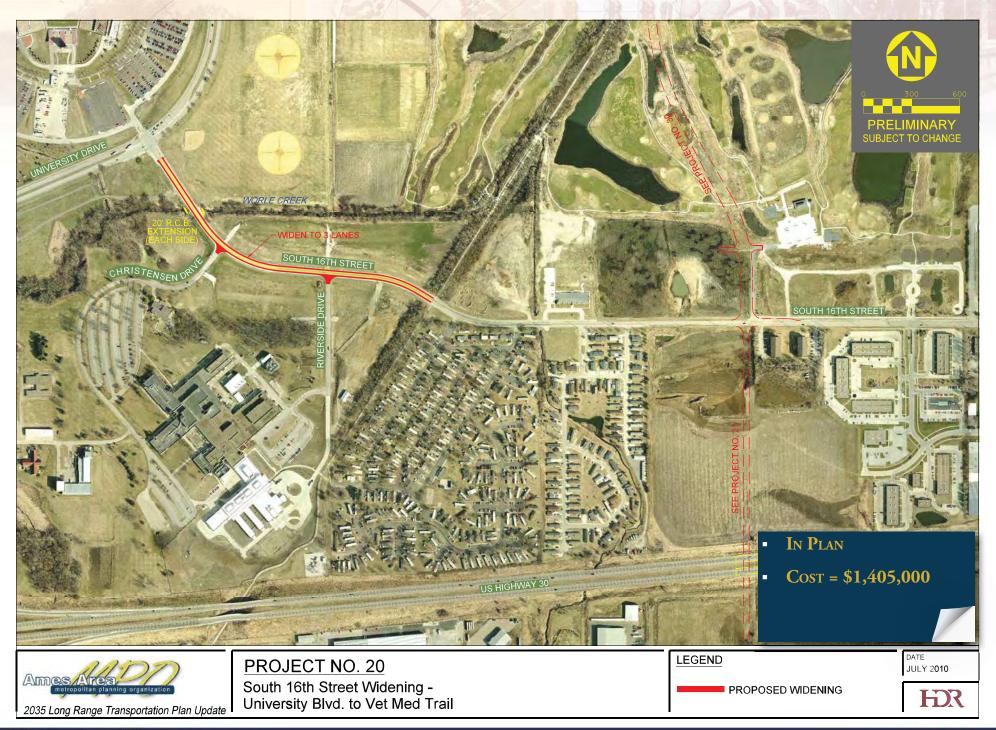














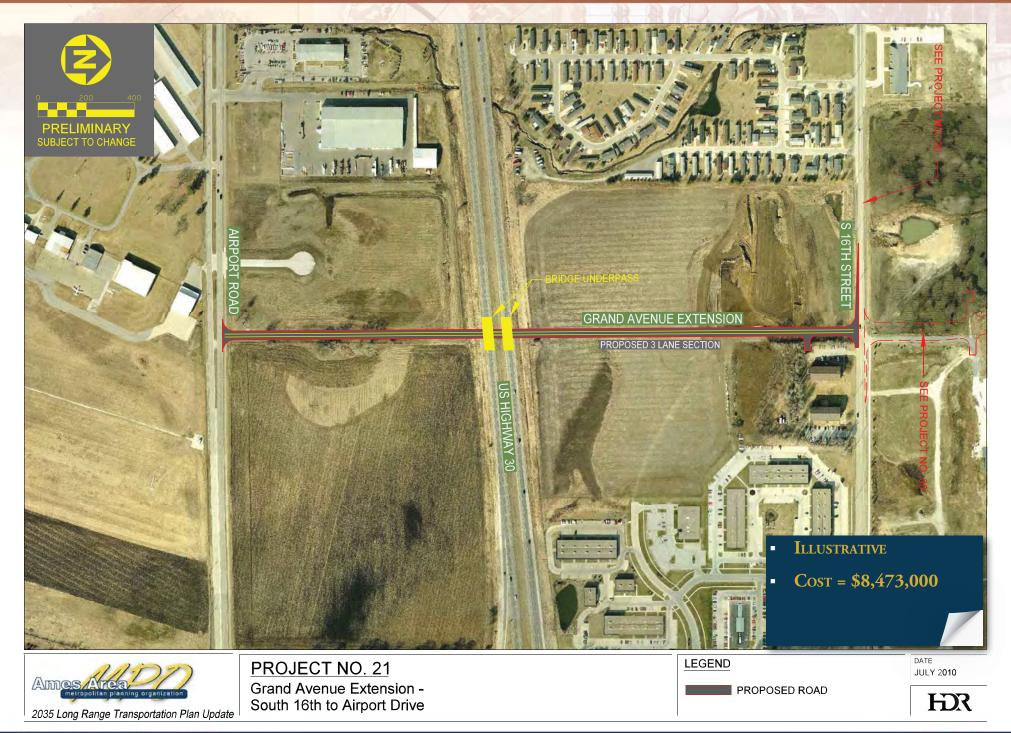


Project Number21Project NameGrand Ave. Extension - S. 16th to Airport Rd.

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
oal 1 I	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-M	1odal Network			
(Connectivity/ Continuity		•		
F	Potential Safety/ Security			•	
oal 2 I	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and Su	ıstainable Developm	ient		
L	and Use Consistency			•	
١	/ehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)				
١	/ehicle Hours Traveled				
oal 3 I	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions	· ·		-	
(Context Sensitivity			•	
bal 4 S	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
bal 5 I	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	n Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Tran	sportation Service	
(Congestion Relief		•		
(Cost				-
E	Benefit to Cost Ratio			-	
oal 6 I	Protecting Environmental Resources	·			
F	Potential Natural Environment Impact		-		
F	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
	Composite Score			L	
				>	
1	Project Construction Cost	\$8,473,000			
	Project Ranking	High			













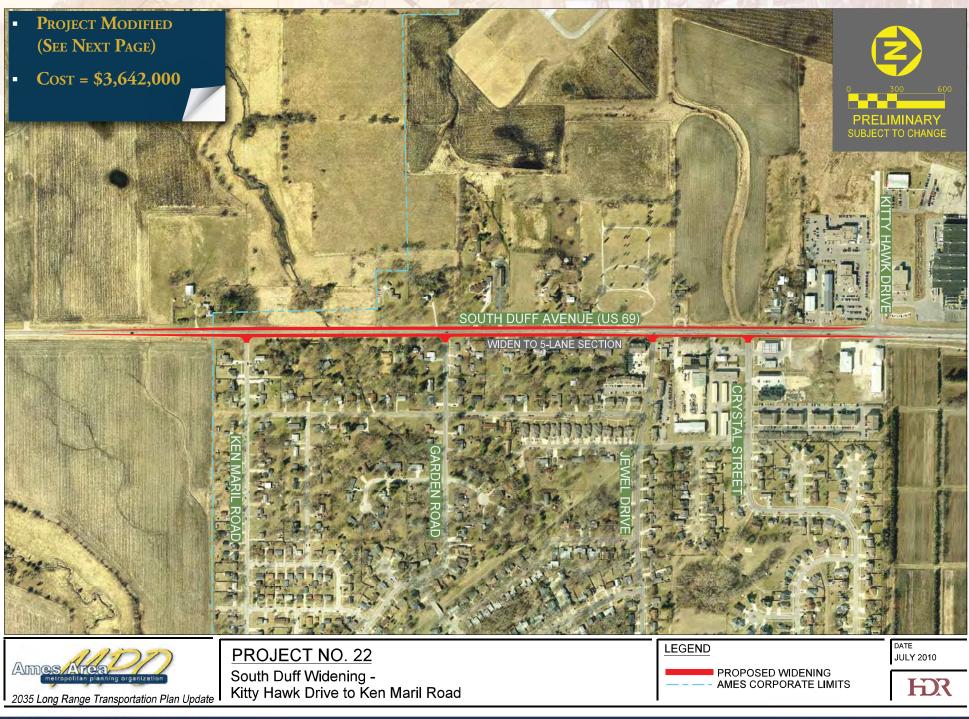
Project Number22Project NameS. Duff Ave. Widening - Kit

S. Duff Ave. Widening - Kitty Hawk Dr. to Ken Maril Rd.

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity				
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency			•	
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)				
	Vehicle Hours Traveled			•	
oal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
ioal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
ioal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Prov	vide Efficient Trai	nsportation Service	
	Congestion Relief				
	Cost				
	Benefit to Cost Ratio				
oal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
	Composite Score				
				•	
	Project Construction Cost	\$3,642,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			
		Weddin			







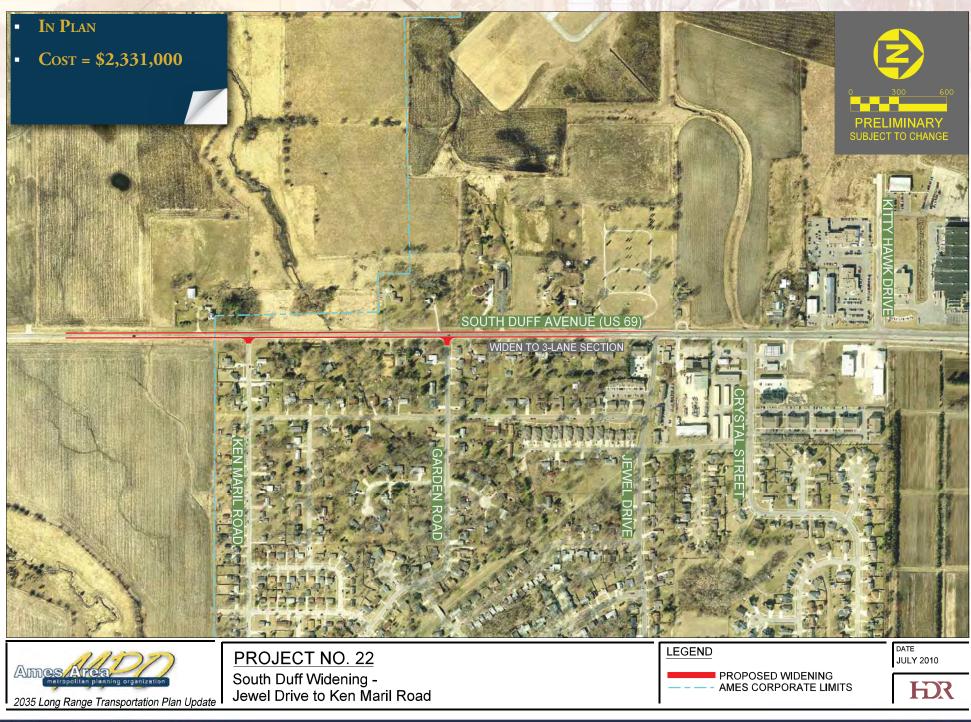


















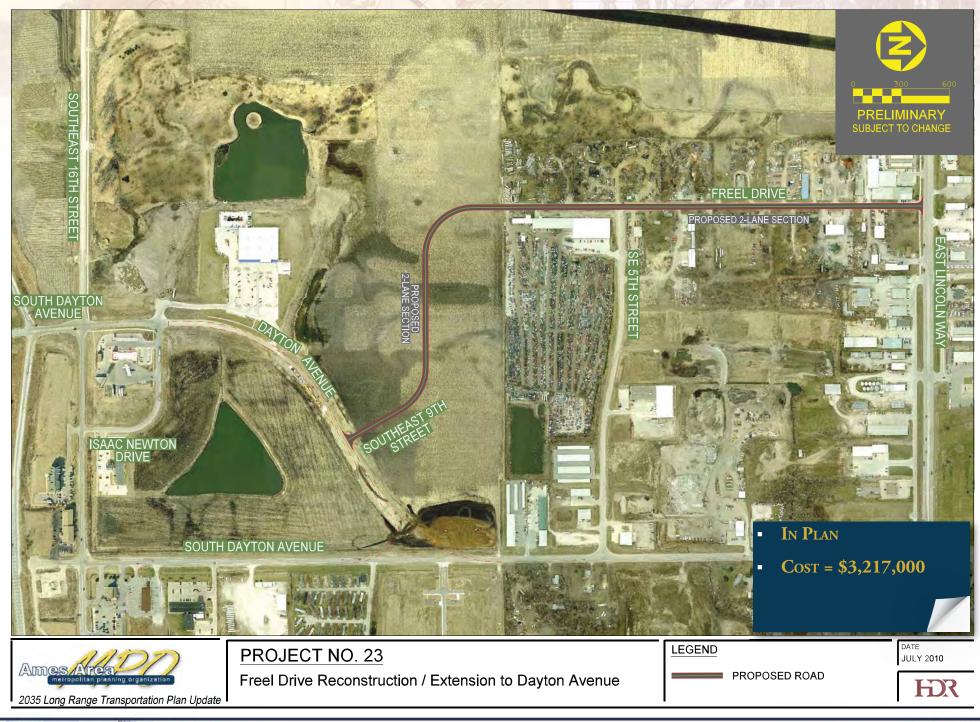
Project Number23Project NameFreel Dr. Reconstruction

Freel Dr. Reconstruction / Extension to Dayton Ave.

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-I	Modal Network		1	
	Connectivity/ Continuity		•		
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Develop	ment		
	Land Use Consistency		•		
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)		•		
	Vehicle Hours Traveled		•		
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions		;	ò	
	Context Sensitivity			•	
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	;	÷		
	Economic Impact		-		
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pr	ovide Efficient Trar	sportation Service	
	Congestion Relief			•	
	Cost			•	
	Benefit to Cost Ratio			•	
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact			•	
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
	Composite Score				
	Project Construction Cost	\$3,217,000			
	-				
	Project Ranking	Medium			



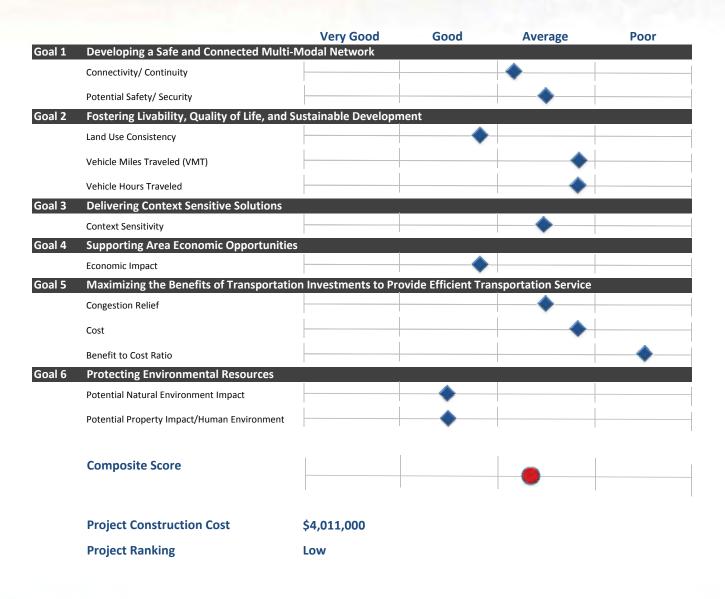






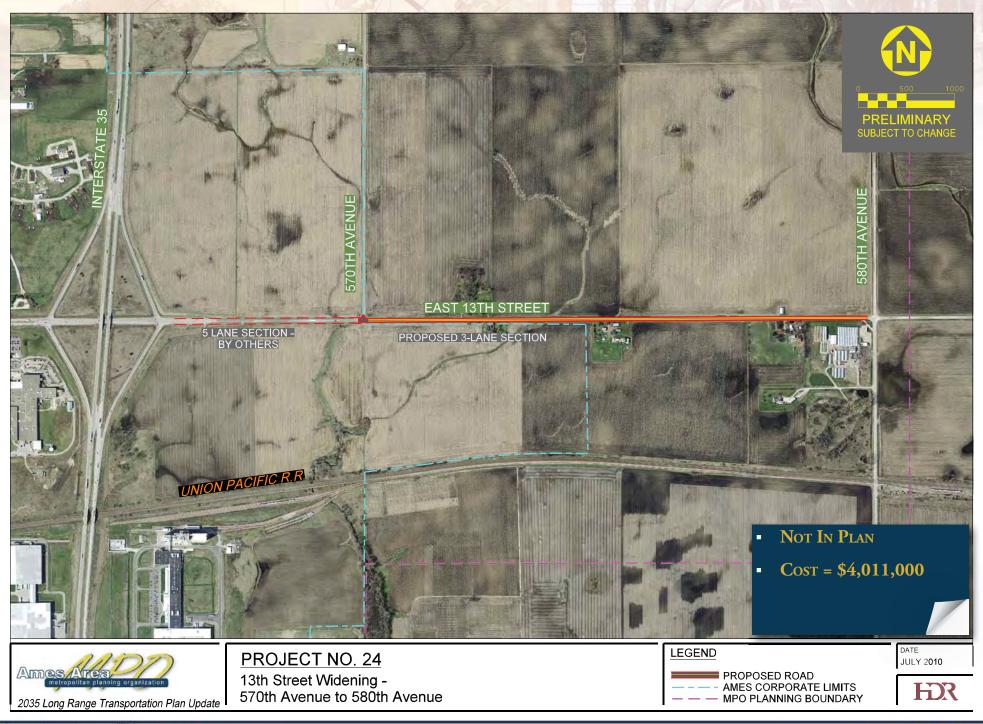


Project Number24Project Name13th Street Widening - 570th Ave. to 580th Ave.















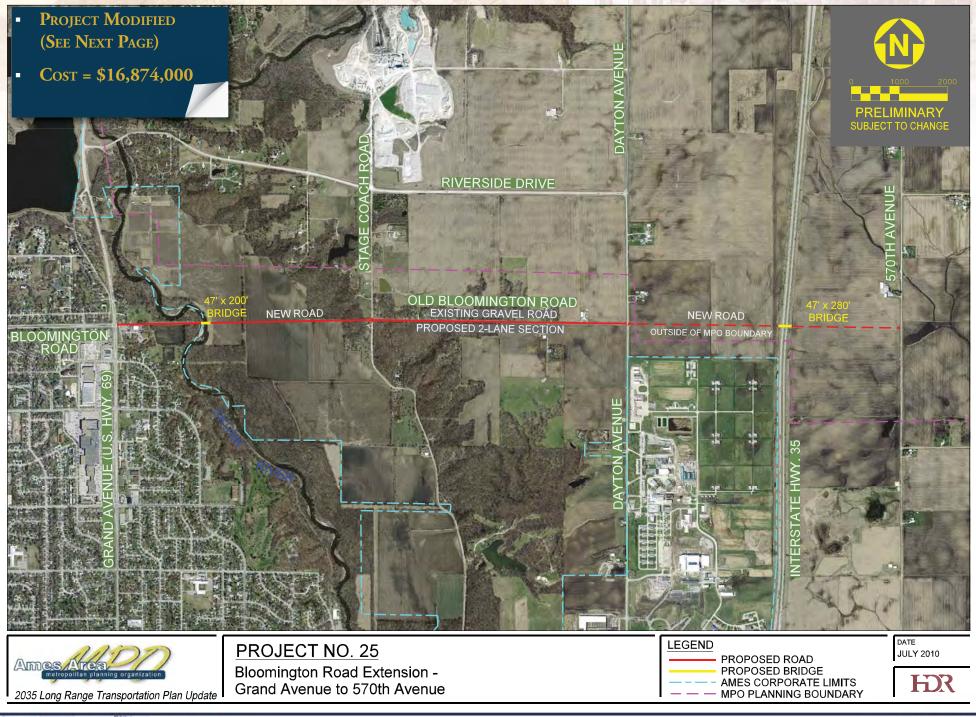
Project Number25Project NameBloomington Ro

Bloomington Rd. Extension - Grand Ave. to 570th Ave.

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
oal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-I	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity	•			
	Potential Safety/ Security			-	
oal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency			-	
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)	•			
	Vehicle Hours Traveled				
oal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				•
oal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				1
	Economic Impact			•	
oal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Prov	vide Efficient Tra	ansportation Service	2
	Congestion Relief				
	Cost				
	Benefit to Cost Ratio			-	
oal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				•
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment				•
	Composite Score				
	Project Construction Cost	\$16,874,000			
	-	Medium			
	Project Ranking	weatum			





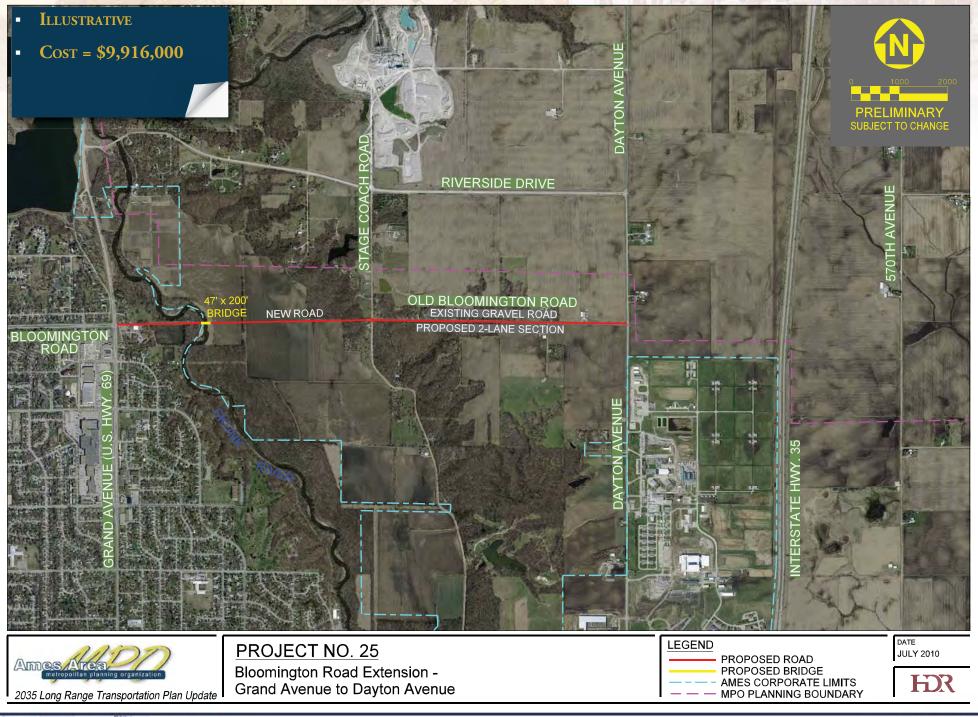










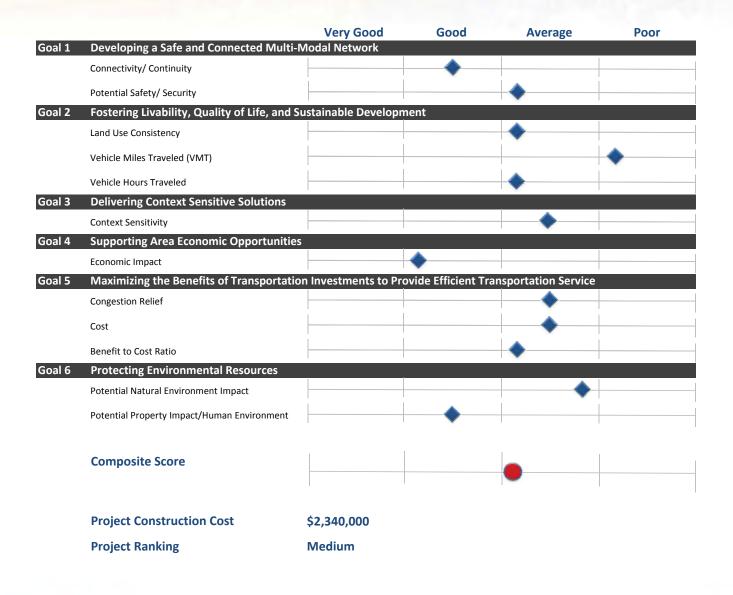




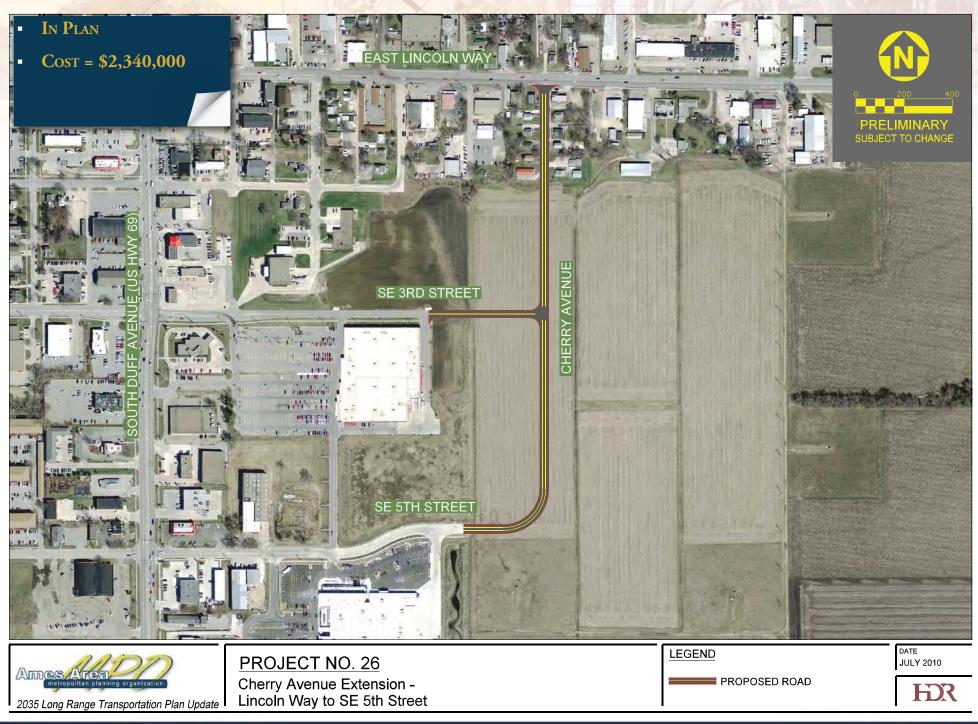


Project Number26Project NameCherry Ave. Extension -

Cherry Ave. Extension - Lincoln Way to SE 5th Street











Project Number27Project Name20th St. Extension - Prairie

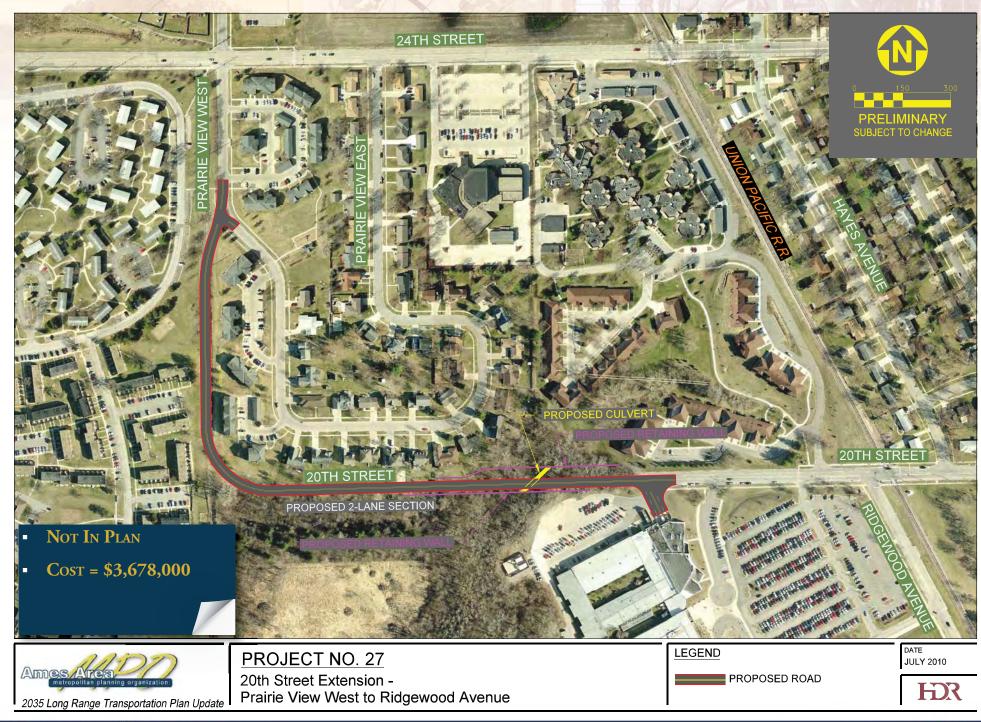
20th St. Extension - Prairie View West to Ridgewood Ave.

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
ioal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-I	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity				
	Potential Safety/ Security				
ioal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency				
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)			•	
	Vehicle Hours Traveled				
oal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
oal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	; 			
	Economic Impact			•	
oal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	on Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Tra	insportation Service	
	Congestion Relief				
	Cost			↓ ◆ ↓	
	Benefit to Cost Ratio			•	
oal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment				•
	Composite Score				
	Project Construction Cost	\$3,678,000			





Appendix A: Alternative Development and Evaluation







Project Number28Project NameOntario St. Left-Turn

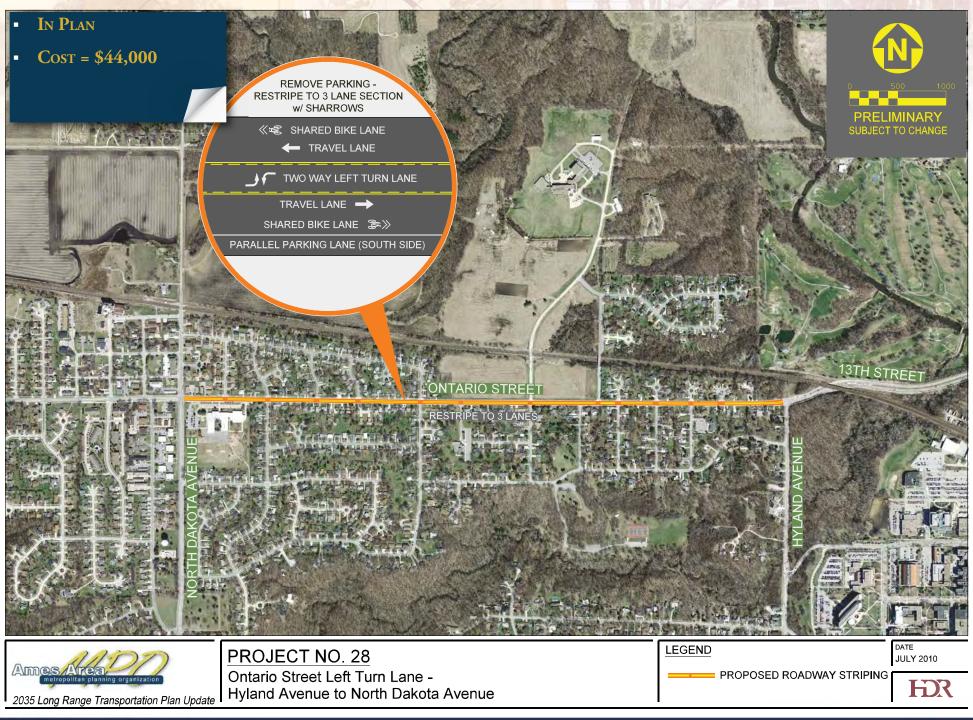
Ontario St. Left-Turn Lane - Hyland Ave. to N. Dakota Ave.

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity			-	
	Potential Safety/ Security			•	
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency				
	Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)			♦	
	Vehicle Hours Traveled		I		
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions	· · · · ·		-	
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	;			
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	on Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Trans	portation Service	
	Congestion Relief				
	Cost	•			
	Benefit to Cost Ratio		•		
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources			1	
	Potential Natural Environment Impact		-		
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment				
	Composite Score				
			•		
	Project Construction Cost	\$44,000			
	-				
	Project Ranking	High			





Appendix A: Alternative Development and Evaluation



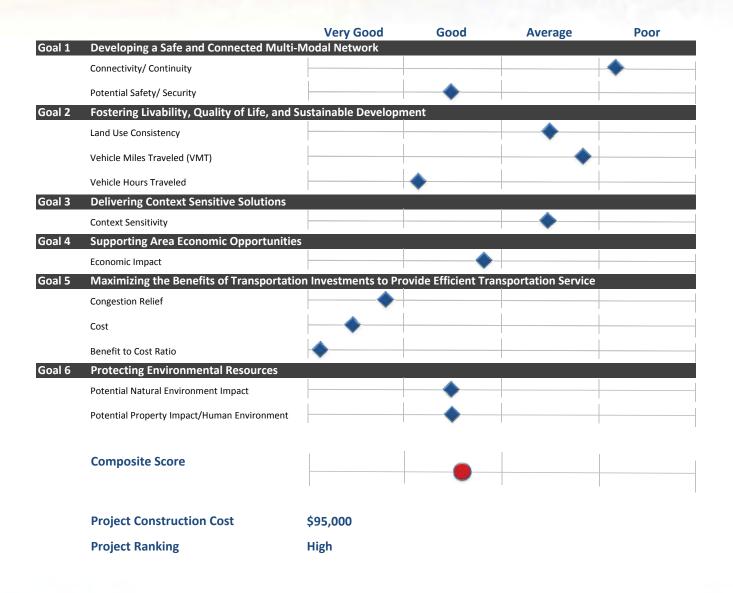






Project Number 29 **Project Name**

Lincoln Way / Duff Avenue Intersection Improvements







Appendix A: Alternative Development and Evaluation



PAGE A~77







			SCORECARD			
Project N	lumber	30				
Project N	lame	Grand Ave. Extension - Ave.	Squaw Creek Dr. to	o S. 16th / 5th Str	eet Extension- Gra	nd Ave. to Duff
			Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1		Safe and Connected Multi-	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Co	ntinuity				
	Potential Safety,			•		
Goal 2	Fostering Liva	ability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	nent		
	Land Use Consis	tency				
	Vehicle Miles Tra	aveled (VMT)				
	Vehicle Hours Tr	aveled		•		
Goal 3	Delivering Co	ntext Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitiv	ity			•	
Goal 4	Supporting A	rea Economic Opportunities	5			
	Economic Impac	t				
Goal 5	Maximizing t	he Benefits of Transportatio	on Investments to Pro	ovide Efficient Tran	sportation Service	
	Congestion Relie	f				
	Cost					
	Benefit to Cost F	Ratio				
Goal 6	Protecting En	vironmental Resources				
	Potential Natura	l Environment Impact			↓ ↓	
	Potential Proper	ty Impact/Human Environment			•	
	Composito	Score	1			
	Composite S				•	
	Project Cons	struction Cost	\$10,583,000			
	Project Ranl	king	Medium			















BICYCLE/PEDESTRIAN Scorecards





Project Number BL1 Project Name On-Street Bike

On-Street Bike Lane On Duff Ave - 30th St / Northwestern Ave to 13th St / Duff Ave

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-M	/lodal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity				
	Potential Safety/ Security		•		
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developn	nent		
	Land Use Consistency				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pro	ovide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	
	Cost		-		
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment	•			
	Composite Score				
	Project Construction Cost	\$69,000			
	Project Ranking	High			





Project NumberSUP1Project NameShared Use Path Along Union Pacific

Shared Use Path Along Union Pacific Railroad - North of Bloomington Road

	Very G	ood Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1 Developing a Safe and	Connected Multi-Modal Netwo	ork		
Connectivity/ Continuity				
Potential Safety/ Security		•		
Goal 2 Fostering Livability, Qu	ality of Life, and Sustainable D	evelopment		
Land Use Consistency				
Goal 3 Delivering Context Sen	sitive Solutions			
Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4 Supporting Area Econo	mic Opportunities			
Economic Impact			-	
Goal 5 Maximizing the Benefi	ts of Transportation Investmer	nts to Provide Efficient	Transportation Service	
Cost				
Goal 6 Protecting Environmer	tal Resources			940 1
Potential Natural Environme	ent Impact			
Potential Property Impact/H	luman Environment	•		
Composite Score				
Project Construction	Cost \$717,000			
Project Ranking	Low			





Project NumberSUP2Project NameShared Use Path Along

Shared Use Path Along Stange Rd - Dalton St to North of Bloomington Road

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-I	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity		•		
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developr	nent		
	Land Use Consistency		•		
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	;			
	Economic Impact			•	
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	on Investments to Pr	ovide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	
	Cost				
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
			I	I	
	Composite Score				
			-		
	Project Construction Cost	\$287,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			





Project NumberSUP3Project NameShared Use Path Alo

Shared Use Path Along Squaw Creek - North of Moore Memorial Park

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-M	Nodal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity			-	
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developn	nent		
	Land Use Consistency		•		
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	~~			
	Economic Impact			•	
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pro	ovide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	e
	Cost				-
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources			-	
	Potential Natural Environment Impact			-	
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
	Composite Score				
			•		
	Project Construction Cost	\$582,000			
	Project Ranking	Low			





		SCORECARD			
Project Number Project Name	SUP4 Shared Use Path Conr Use Path	nection to High Schoo	l - North of 13t	h St to Existing East	/West Shared
		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
	a Safe and Connected Mult	i-Modal Network			
Connectivity/ C	Continuity				
Potential Safet					
ioal 2 Fostering Li	vability, Quality of Life, and	Sustainable Developm	ent		
Land Use Cons			◆		
	Context Sensitive Solutions				
Context Sensit	•				
	Area Economic Opportuniti	es			
Economic Impa					
-	the Benefits of Transportat	ion Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Tra	insportation Service	
Cost					
	Invironmental Resources				
Potential Natu	ral Environment Impact				
Potential Prop	erty Impact/Human Environment		•		
Composite	Score		•		
Project Co	nstruction Cost	\$115,000			
Project Rai	nking	Medium			





Project NumberSUP5Project NameShared Use Path A

Shared Use Path Along E 13th St - Dayton Ave to 570th Ave

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-N	Iodal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity		•		
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and Su	istainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	n Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Trans	portation Service	
	Cost				
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact		•		
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
	Composite Score		_		
				I	
	Project Construction Cost	\$456,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			





Sco	DE	CA	DD
JU	/RC	L A	

Project NumberSUP6Project NameShared Use Path at Ross

Shared Use Path at Ross Rd - Mesa Verde Pl to Garfield Ave

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity			•	
	Potential Safety/ Security			•	
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developr	nent		
	Land Use Consistency				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity		 		
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	;			
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pr	ovide Efficient Trar	sportation Service	
	Cost		•		
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment			•	
	Composite Score		_		
			•		
	Project Construction Cost	\$47,000			
	Project Ranking	Low			





Project NumberSUP7Project NameShared Use Path to Propo

Shared Use Path to Proposed Intermodal Facility - East of State Ave

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity		♦		
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	;			
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	on Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	
	Cost				
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		♦		
	Composite Score		•		
	Project Construction Cost	\$166,000			
	Project Ranking				
	FIUJELL NAIINIIK	High			





Project NumberSUP8Project NameShared Use Path Along V

Shared Use Path Along Walnut St - S 3rd St to Squaw Creek

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-I	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity				
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	nent		
	Land Use Consistency				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact			•	
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	n Investments to Pro	ovide Efficient Tran	sportation Service	
	Cost			•	
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
				1	
	Composite Score				
			•		
	Project Construction Cost	\$114,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			





Project NumberSUP9Project NameShared Use Path

Shared Use Path Along Squaw Creek - Proposed Grand Ave Extension to Skunk River

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-M	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity	•			
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency		-		
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	9
	Cost				•
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact			•	
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
	Composite Score				
			•		
	Project Construction Cost	\$59 2,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			





Project NumberSUP10Project NameShared Use Path Along Mortensen Rd - West of South Dakota

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-I	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity	•			
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developme	ent	÷ .	
	Land Use Consistency		•		
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	on Investments to Prov	vide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	
	Cost		-		
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources			÷ .	
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
	Composite Score		-		
			•		
	Project Construction Cost	\$54,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			





Project Number SUP11 Project Name Shared Us

Shared Use Path Along S 16th Ave and Proposed Grand Ave Extension - East of Apple Ave

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-M	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity	•			
	Potential Safety/ Security		I		
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency		•		
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Trans	sportation Service	
	Cost				
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact		•		
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
	Composite Score				
			•		
	Project Construction Cost	\$206,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			





Project NumberSUP12Project NameShared Use Path Along S Dayton Ave - SE 16th Ave to S Dayton Pl

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor			
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-							
	Connectivity/ Continuity			•				
	Potential Safety/ Security							
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developn	nent					
	Land Use Consistency		•					
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions							
	Context Sensitivity							
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities							
	Economic Impact							
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation Investments to Provide Efficient Transportation Service							
	Cost			•				
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources							
	Potential Natural Environment Impact							
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•					
	Composite Score							
			•					
	Project Construction Cost	\$240,000						
	Project Ranking	Low						





Project NumberSUP13Project NameShared Use Path to

Shared Use Path to Recreational Park - East of Duff Ave

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-I	Modal Network	1		
	Connectivity/ Continuity		•		
	Potential Safety/ Security	•			
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developr	ment		
	Land Use Consistency				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	;			
	Economic Impact		 		
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	on Investments to Pr	ovide Efficient Trar	sportation Service	
	Cost				
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
			I	1	
	Composite Score				
			•		
	Project Construction Cost	\$163,000			
	Project Ranking	High			





Project NumberPS1Project NamePaved Shoulder o

Paved Shoulder on N Dakota Ave - North of Ontario St

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-N	/lodal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity				
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and Su	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity		-		
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Tran	sportation Service	
	Cost				•
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact		•		
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
	Composite Score				
			•		
	Project Construction Cost	\$695,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			





Project NumberPS2Project NamePaved Sho

Paved Shoulder on State Ave and Oakwood Rd - South of Mortensen Rd

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity				
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities	5			
	Economic Impact			-	
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	on Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Tra	ansportation Service	1
	Cost				-
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources			÷.	
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment		•		
	Composite Score				
			•		
	Project Construction Cost	\$503,000			
	Project Ranking	Low			





Project NumberSH1Project NameSharrow on Hoover Ave and Name

Sharrow on Hoover Ave and Northwestern Ave - Bloomington Rd to 6th St

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity	•			
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency		-		
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Trar	sportation Service	
	Cost		•		
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment				
	Composite Score				
	Project Construction Cost	\$45,000			
	Project Construction Cost	Ş45,000			
	Project Ranking	High			





Project NumberSH2Project NameSharrow on Clark Ave - 24th St to S 3rd St

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-N	/lodal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity		•		
	Potential Safety/ Security		•		
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and Su	ustainable Developr	nent		
	Land Use Consistency		-		
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity	—			
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pr	ovide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	
	Cost				
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment	•			
	Composite Coore	1			
	Composite Score		•		
		-			
	Project Construction Cost	\$32,000			
	Project Ranking	High			





Project NumberSH3Project NameSharrow on 13th St - N Dakota Ave to Dayton Ave

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity				
	Potential Safety/ Security			•	
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency		•		
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Tran	sportation Service	
	Cost				
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment				
	Composite Score		_		
			-		
	Project Construction Cost	\$91,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			





Project NumberSH4Project NameSharrow on Duff Ave - 13th St to Lincoln Way

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-N	/lodal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity		-		
	Potential Safety/ Security			•	
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and Su	ustainable Developm	ient		
	Land Use Consistency				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	
	Cost				
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact	•			
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment				
	Composite Score		•		
	Droject Construction Cost	¢15.000	-	1	
	Project Construction Cost	\$15,000			
	Project Ranking	High			





SCORECARD	
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Project NumberSH5Project NameSharrow on Pammel Dr / Units

Sharrow on Pammel Dr / University Blvd - Hyland Ave to S 4th St

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor		
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-N	/lodal Network					
	Connectivity/ Continuity						
	Potential Safety/ Security			•			
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and Su	ustainable Developr	nent				
	Land Use Consistency		•				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions						
	Context Sensitivity	—					
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities						
	Economic Impact						
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pr	ovide Efficient Tran	sportation Service			
	Cost		•				
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources						
	Potential Natural Environment Impact						
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment	•					
	Composite Score						
			-				
	Project Construction Cost	\$37,000					
	Project Ranking	Medium					





SCORECARD

Project NumberSH6Project NameSharrow on Beach Rd /

Sharrow on Beach Rd / Osborn Dr - University Blvd to Lincoln Way

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-M	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity		-		
	Potential Safety/ Security		-		
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent		
	Land Use Consistency				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity	•			
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact			•	
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	
	Cost				
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact	•			
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment				
	Composite Score	-			
		¢0.000		I I	
	Project Construction Cost	\$9,000			
	Project Ranking	High			





Project NumberSH7Project NameSharrow on 6th St - University Blvd to Duff Ave

Very Good Good Poor Average Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-Modal Network Goal 1 Connectivity/ Continuity Potential Safety/ Security Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and Sustainable Development Goal 2 Land Use Consistency Goal 3 **Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions Context Sensitivity** Goal 4 **Supporting Area Economic Opportunities** Economic Impact Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation Investments to Provide Efficient Transportation Service Goal 5 Cost Goal 6 **Protecting Environmental Resources** Potential Natural Environment Impact Potential Property Impact/Human Environment **Composite Score Project Construction Cost** \$23,000 **Project Ranking** Medium





Project NumberSH8Project NameSharrow on Union Dri

Sharrow on Union Drive - Morrill Dr to Lincoln Way







Project Number SH9 **Project Name**

Sharrow on Lincoln Way - Freel Dr to Dayton Ave

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity	•			
	Potential Safety/ Security		•		
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developn	nent		
	Land Use Consistency				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity		•		
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pro	ovide Efficient Trans	portation Service	
	Cost				
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact	•			
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment				
	Composite Score				
			•		
	Project Construction Cost	\$6,000			
	Project Ranking	High			
		півн			





Project NumberSH10Project NameSharrow on S 4th St /

Sharrow on S 4th St / S 3rd St - University Blvd to Duff Ave

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor	
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-M	Modal Network				
	Connectivity/ Continuity		•			
	Potential Safety/ Security			•		
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developr	nent			
	Land Use Consistency					
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions					
	Context Sensitivity		•			
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities					
	Economic Impact		•			
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pr	ovide Efficient Tran	sportation Service		
	Cost					
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources					
	Potential Natural Environment Impact					
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment	-				
	Composite Score					
			•			
	Project Construction Cost	\$22,000				
	Project Ranking	Medium				





Project NumberSH11Project NameSharrow on Airport Rd - N Loop Dr to S Riverside Dr

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-N	/lodal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity	•			
	Potential Safety/ Security			•	
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and Su	ustainable Developm	ent	· · ·	
	Land Use Consistency				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation	n Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Trar	sportation Service	
	Cost	•			
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources			· · ·	
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment				
	Composite Score		•		
	Project Construction Cost	\$5,000			
	Project Ranking	High			





Project NumberIIProject NameIntersection Improv

Intersection Improvements for Non-Motorized Users

		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-I	Modal Network			
	Connectivity/ Continuity				
	Potential Safety/ Security				
Goal 2	Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and S	ustainable Developm	ent	· ·	
	Land Use Consistency				
Goal 3	Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity				
Goal 4	Supporting Area Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact				
Goal 5	Maximizing the Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to Pro	vide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	
	Cost				
Goal 6	Protecting Environmental Resources				
	Potential Natural Environment Impact				
	Potential Property Impact/Human Environment			•	
	Composite Score		•		
	Project Construction Cost	\$100,000			
	Project Ranking	Medium			





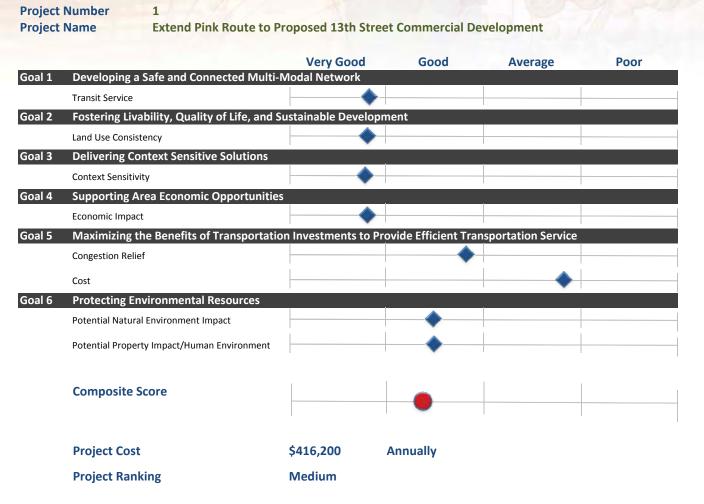




TRANSIT Scorecards











Project N Project N		2 Extend Purple Route to	Wilder Blvd.			
			Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1	Developing a S	afe and Connected Multi-N	/lodal Network			
	Transit Service			•		
Goal 2	Fostering Livab	ility, Quality of Life, and So	ustainable Develop	oment		
	Land Use Consister	псу		•		
Goal 3	Delivering Cont	text Sensitive Solutions				
	Context Sensitivity			•		
Goal 4	Supporting Are	a Economic Opportunities				
	Economic Impact			•		
Goal 5	Maximizing the	Benefits of Transportatio	n Investments to P	rovide Efficient Tran	sportation Service	
	Congestion Relief			↓ ◆ ↓		
	Cost			•		
Goal 6	Protecting Envi	ronmental Resources		÷		
	Potential Natural E	nvironment Impact				
	Potential Property	Impact/Human Environment				
				1		
	Composite Sc	ore				
				-		
	Project Cost		\$230,400	Annually		
	Project Ranki	ng	Low			

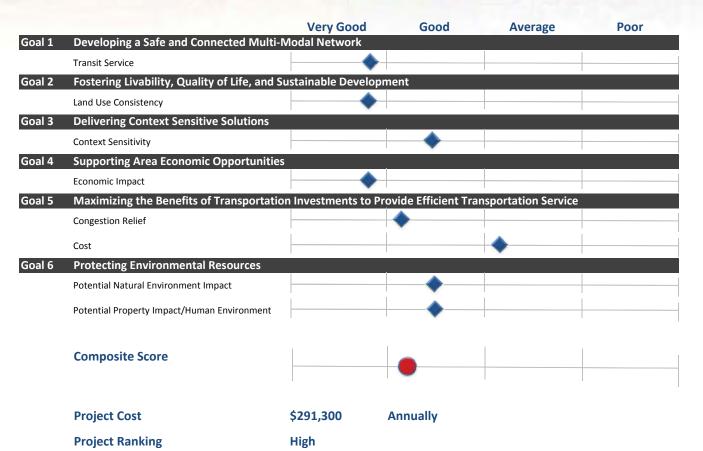






Sc	OR	EC	AR	D

Project Number	3
Project Name	Extend Blue Route to Wal-Mart and Target







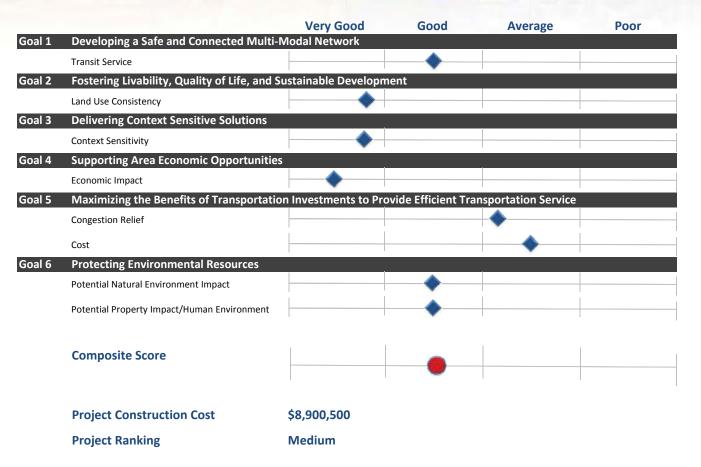
Project Nu Project Na		4 Cross Town Route- F	ieldstone Developn	nent to Mortensen	Road	
			Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1 [Developing a S	afe and Connected Mu	lti-Modal Network			
т	Fransit Service			-		
Goal 2 F	Fostering Livab	oility, Quality of Life, an	d Sustainable Develo	pment		
L	and Use Consiste	ncy				
Goal 3 [Delivering Con	text Sensitive Solution	S			
C	Context Sensitivity	/		-		
Goal 4 S	Supporting Are	ea Economic Opportuni	ties			
E	Economic Impact			-		
Goal 5 M	Maximizing the	e Benefits of Transport	ation Investments to I	Provide Efficient Trar	nsportation Service	
C	Congestion Relief					
C	Cost					
Goal 6 F	Protecting Env	ironmental Resources			1	
		Environment Impact				
c	Potential Bronarty	/ Impact/Human Environmer	.+	`		
r	Potential Property	inipact/Human Environmen	it			
				I	1	
(Composite Sc	ore				
F	Project Cost		\$208,100	Annually		
F	Project Ranki	ng	Low			





SCORECARD

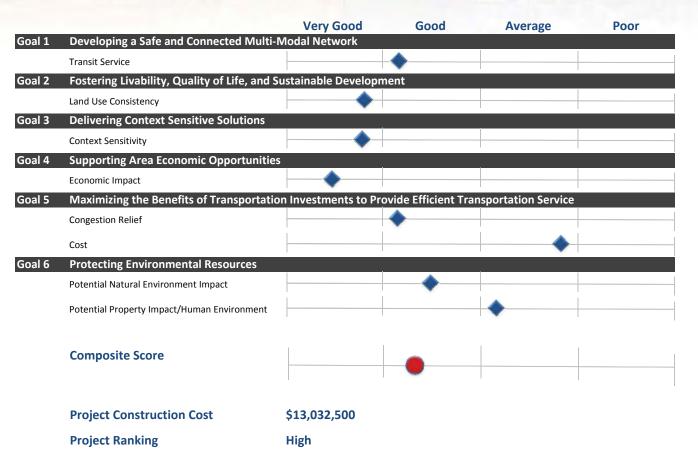
Project Number5aProject NameIntermodal Facility Phase I







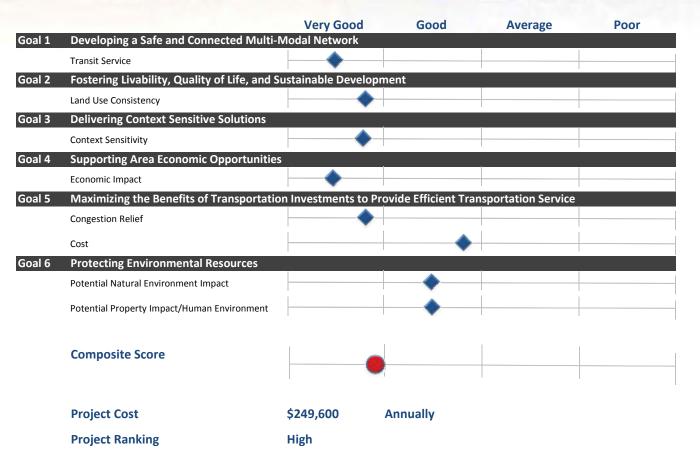
Project Number5bProject NameIntermodal Facility Phase II







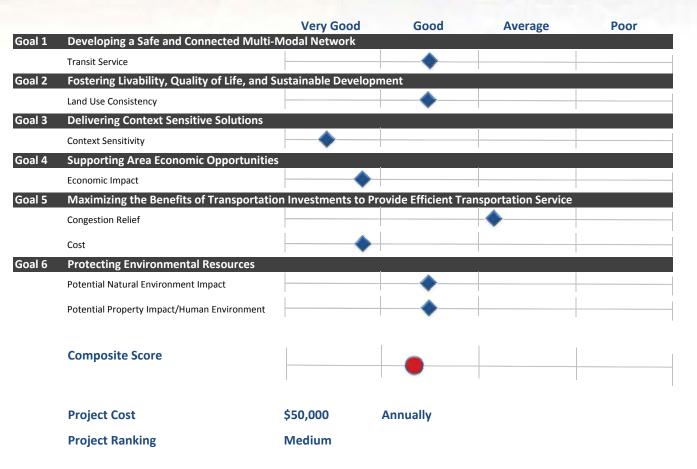
Project Number5cProject NameIntermodal Facility Circulator







Project Number6Project NameBus Stop Improvements

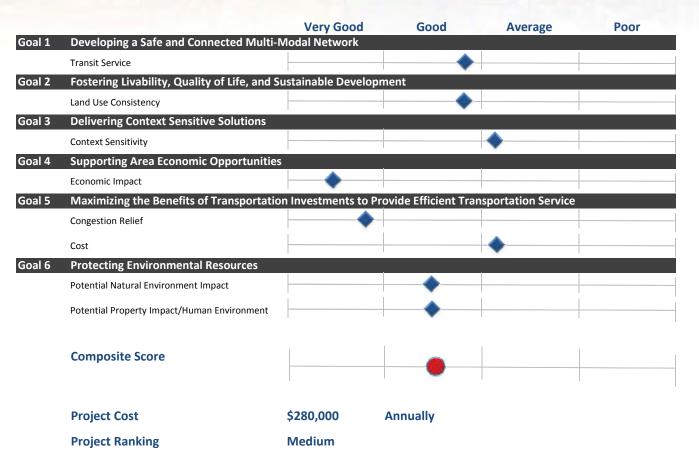








Increase Frequencies on Core Routes to 15/30 Minutes from 20/40 Minutes

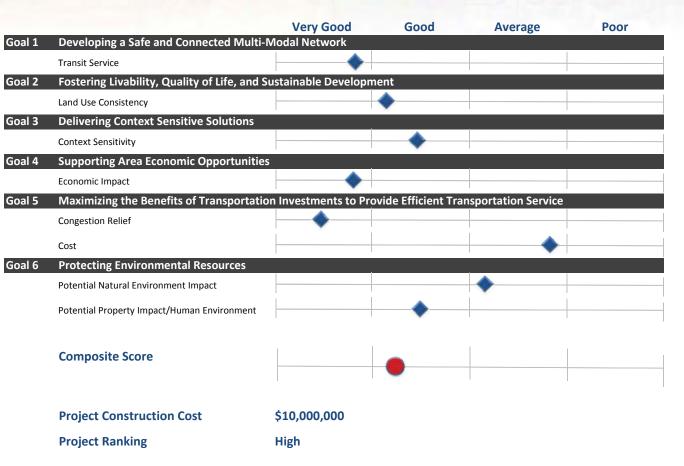






SCORECARD	Sco	REC	ARD
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Project Number8Project NameCy-Ride Facility Expansion

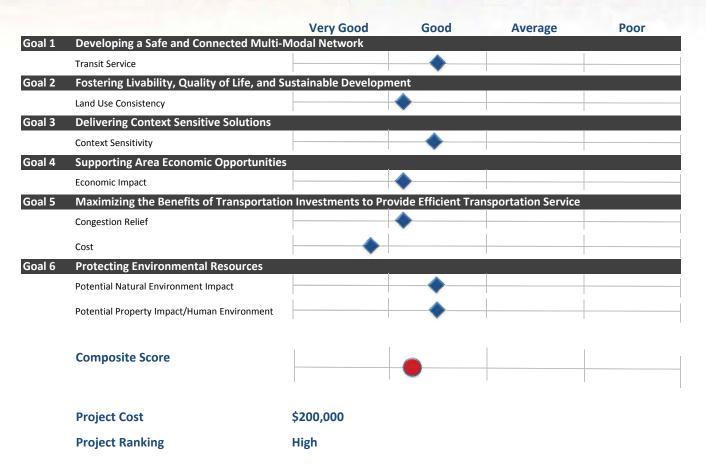






Project Number 9 Project Name Alternatives A

Alternatives Analysis Study - Orange Route Corridor







Sco	RECARD	

Project Number Project Name	10 Des Moines/Ames Con	nmuter Service Study	,		
		Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
Goal 1 Developing a	Safe and Connected Multi-	Modal Network			
Transit Service					
Goal 2 Fostering Liva	ability, Quality of Life, and S	Sustainable Developme	ent		
Land Use Consis	tency			•	
Goal 3 Delivering Co	ontext Sensitive Solutions				
Context Sensitiv	ity			•	
Goal 4 Supporting A	rea Economic Opportunities	s			
Economic Impac	t	•			
Goal 5 Maximizing t	he Benefits of Transportation	on Investments to Prov	vide Efficient Tra	insportation Service	
Congestion Relie	ef				
Cost					
Goal 6 Protecting En	vironmental Resources			÷	
Potential Natura	al Environment Impact				
Potential Proper	ty Impact/Human Environment				
Composite S	Score		-		
Project Cost	:	\$100,000			
Project Ranl	king	High			





Project Number 11 Articulated Buses on Red/Orange Routes **Project Name** Very Good Good Average Poor Developing a Safe and Connected Multi-Modal Network Goal 1 **Transit Service** Goal 2 Fostering Livability, Quality of Life, and Sustainable Development Land Use Consistency **Delivering Context Sensitive Solutions** Goal 3 **Context Sensitivity** Goal 4 Supporting Area Economic Opportunities Economic Impact Goal 5 Maximizing the Benefits of Transportation Investments to Provide Efficient Transportation Service **Congestion Relief** Cost Protecting Environmental Resources Goal 6 Potential Natural Environment Impact Potential Property Impact/Human Environment **Composite Score Project Cost** \$2,800,000 **Project Ranking** High

SCORECARD





			SCORECARD			
Project I	Number	12				
Project I	Name	Automatic Vehicle Loo	cation Technology			
Goal 1	Developing a	Safe and Connected Multi	Very Good	Good	Average	Poor
00011	Transit Service					
Goal 2		ability, Quality of Life, and	Sustainable Developr	ment		
Goul 2	Land Use Consis					
Goal 3		ontext Sensitive Solutions				
Cour 5	Context Sensitiv		\			
Goal 4		Area Economic Opportunitie				
Godi 4	Economic Impa					
Goal 5	•	he Benefits of Transportati	ion Investments to Pr	ovide Efficient Tra	nsportation Service	
00ai 3	Congestion Reli				isportation service	
	Cost					
Goal 6	_	nvironmental Resources			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Potential Natura	al Environment Impact		•		
	Potential Prope	rty Impact/Human Environment				
						I
	Composite	Score			1	
	composite					
			I	· veget		
	Project Cost	t	\$2,000,000			
	Project Ran	1.1.1	Medium			





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FACILITIES & STRATEGIES TOOLBOX

Along with eliminating gaps in the existing sidewalk network, there are a number of potential treatments that can be used to improve the bicycle and pedestrian network in Ames. These treatments include shared use paths, shared lane markings ("sharrows"), bicycle lanes, paved shoulders, and intersection improvements. Each of these facility types should be planned and design based on the guidance contained in the AASHTO Guide for the Planning, Design, and Operations of Bicycle Facilities (although this reference is currently in draft form as of February 2010, the ultimately adopted version should be used) and ITE's Designing Walkable Urban Thoroughfares: A Context Sensitive Approach.

SHARED USE PATHS

Shared use paths are bikeways that are physically separated from motorized vehicle traffic by an open space or barrier and either within the roadway right-of-way or within an exclusive right-of-way. Shared use paths may also be used by pedestrians, skaters, wheelchair users, joggers, and other non-motorized users. While it is generally preferable to focus the attention of additional shared use paths on those facilities in exclusive rights-of-way, it is acknowledged that much effort has been placed in the existing system of sidepaths in Ames, and there are a number of projects that provide worthwhile connections and extensions of this system. These





connections and extensions are reflected in the list of proposed shared use path projects in the plan.

As noted previously, there is a need for continuity in the system of shared use paths, including width. AASHTO recommends shared use paths generally be 10 to 14 feet wide; paths may be as narrow as 8 feet but only in rare circumstances with limited bicycle traffic, only occasional pedestrian traffic, horizontal and vertical alignments that provide safe and frequent passing opportunities, and where the path will not be subject to regular maintenance vehicle loadings which may cause pavement edge damage.

It is recommended that the City complete a thorough evaluation of all its pathways to determine where improvements in the existing network may be needed to address issues such as narrow widths, obstructions, poor surface condition, cross slopes greater than 1 percent, sudden changes in width or presence of the path, and poor intersection crossing conditions. Further, the City should establish a formal hierarchy of pathways, clarify snow removal policies for pathways, and provide a wayfinding/routing system based on the established hierarchy with kiosks providing maps at key locations.

SHARED LANE MARKINGS ("SHARROWS")

Shared Lane Markings, also known as "Sharrows", are markings that are used in lanes that are shared by bicycles and motor vehicles when a travel lane is too narrow to provide a standard-width bicycle lane. The markings have been incorporated into the 2009 version of the MUTCD. They let motorists know to expect bicyclists, provide lateral positioning guidance to bicyclists, and reinforce good bicycling behavior through the following:

- Discourage bicycle riding within the "door zone" on streets with on-street parking.
- Encourage bicyclists to ride further out into the travel lane rather than hugging the curb, which encourages motorists to give bicyclists more space when passing, rather than squeezing by.
- Discourage wrong-way bicycling.
- Discourage sidewalk bicycling, which is statistically more dangerous than riding with traffic in the roadway.





SITUATIONS FOR USE

- On roadways too narrow for bicycles and motor vehicles to share side by side (typically less than 14-feet wide).
- On roadways with on-street parking.
- Where there are gaps in a bicycle lane (use before a bicycle lane begins or after a bicycle lane ends).
- For designated bicycle routes.
- On a roadway with a hill where there is only enough width to provide a bicycle lane in one direction (provide an uphill bicycle lane, and sharrows in the downhill direction).



- General Design Guidance
- Use only on roads with posted speeds of 35 mph or less.
- The MUTCD recommends placement after intersections and not more than every 250 feet thereafter. Other agencies have found that the 250-foot spacing is preferred on roadways with on-street parking, but greater spacing is acceptable for roadways without on-street parking (up to 500 feet).

- On roadways with on-street parking, place laterally a minimum of 11 feet from face of curb or edge of pavement to the center of the marking; a 13-foot lateral placement is preferred, which ensures the centers of the markings are completely outside the "door zone" of larger vehicles such as trucks and SUVs. Bicycle riding within the "door zone" is hazardous, particularly at the edge, where a bicycle handlebar could catch an open door, throwing the cyclist into traffic. For this reason, it is strongly recommended to exceed the minimum lateral placement of the markings from the MUTCD.
- On roadways without on-street parking, the centers of the markings should be placed in the outside lane a minimum of 4 feet from the face of curb or edge of roadway; in lanes 12 feet wide or narrower, it is preferred to place the markings in the center of the lane because lanes of this width are too narrow for a bicycle and motor vehicle to safely share.
- Bicycle warning signs with Share the Road supplemental plaques can be used in conjunction with markings. This may especially be helpful for the first few applications of the markings to help motorists and bicyclists alike understand the meaning of the markings. However, it is recommended to limit the use of these signs so as to limit the amount of sign clutter.





Ames Area MPO 2035 Long Range Transportation Plan

BICYCLE LANES

Bicycle lanes are the portion of a roadway which has been designated by striping, singing, and pavement markings for the preferential or exclusive use of bicyclists. They are most appropriate and most useful on arterial and collector streets. Typically, unless traffic volumes are heavy, bicycle lanes are not needed on residential or local streets.

GENERAL DESIGN GUIDANCE

Bicycle lanes should be designed to the minimum standards contained in the AASHTO Guide for the Planning, Design, and Operation of Bicycle Facilities. The following are minimum or preferred characteristics:

- Minimum width (no curb and gutter) is 4 feet.
- Minimum width (with curb and gutter) is 5 feet measured from the face of curb. It is desirable to maintain a smooth longitudinal joint between the pavement and the gutter pan. However, if the joint is not smooth, 4 feet of ridable pavement surface should be provided.



- If a full-width bicycle lane cannot be provided, consider providing a wide curb lane/outside travel lane or use shared lane markings.
- If on-street parking is permitted, bicycle lanes should always be placed between the parking lane and the travel lane and have a minimum width of 5 feet. However in areas with substantial parking volume or high turnover, bicycle lane widths adjacent to parking are often increased to 6-7 feet, while the parking width is limited to as little as 7 feet. A narrower parking lane encourages motorists to park closer to the curb. Providing 14 feet for the combined parking lane/ bicycle lane is preferred as it allows cyclists to ride completely outside the "door zone".

Bicycle lanes should be designated by pavement markings and signs so that more bicyclists will recognize the lanes as an area of the roadway that has been set aside for them to ride, and that they are to ride with traffic when using the bike lane. Riding in the correct direction with traffic can be reinforced through the use of "WRONG WAY' (R5-1b) and "RIDE WITH TRAFFIC" (R9-3cP) signs mounted so that they face bicyclists riding against traffic.

<u>Benefit</u>

- Perceived to encourage bicycling. Studies have shown increased levels of bike commuting trips based on proximity to bicycle facilities.
- Serve as a symbol to many that "bicyclists belong on the road rather than the sidewalk".
- Encourage more predictable behavior by both motorists and bicyclists.
- Allow motorists to pass bicyclists with less delay and with fewer passing conflicts.
- Increased border width to fixed objects.
- Increased turning radius into and out of intersections and driveways.
- Improved sight distances when exiting driveways.
- Buffer to sidewalks and pedestrians.
- Buffer increases comfort of pedestrians and people exiting parked cars.



- Traffic calming (narrower travel lanes can be adopted).
- Improved turning for trucks and transit.
- Space for disabled vehicles, mail delivery, bus stops, and place for cars to pull into when emergency response vehicles pass.
- Provide structural support to the pavement.





- Discharge water further from the travel lanes.
- Accommodate driver error.
- Provide more intersection and safe stopping sight distance.

Issues/Cautions

Bicycle lanes at intersections and driveways that are placed to the right of potential right turning vehicle traffic may encourage poor behavior by through bicyclists and right turning motorists and may cause conflicts (i.e., "right hooks"). Bicycle lane striping should be dashed for, at minimum, the last 50 feet prior to an intersection if there is no exclusive right turn lane placed to the right of the bicycle lane. Bicycle lane striping should also be dashed in front of major driveways (those with a significant right turning volume), but can remain solid across minor driveways. To prevent conflicts with right turning vehicles, bicycle lanes must always be placed to the left of exclusive right turn lanes.





(Top) An example of a bike lane located within the "door zone" of the adjacent parallel parking lane. (Bottom) Providing a striped buffer between on-street parking and a bicycle lane is a potential design solution to encourage riding outside the "door zone".

Extreme care should be used in providing sufficient bicycle lane width adjacent to parallel on-street parking. Bicyclists should never ride or be forced or encouraged to ride within 3 feet of a parked car (the "door zone"). Crashes involving a bicyclist and an opening car door have **very high potential for serious injury and death.** The AASHTO Gnide for the Planning, Design, and Operation of Bicycle Facilities illustrates a combined parking lane/bicycle lane of 11 feet (measured from the curb face to the inside bicycle lane stripe), and recommends 13 feet for areas with "substantial parking turnover" (e.g. commercial areas); however, with these dimensions, a bicyclist who rides in the center of the bicycle lane will be within the "door zone." Providing 14 feet for the combined parking lane/bicycle lane allows cyclists to ride completely outside the door zone. Designers should consider not striping a bicycle lane in places where right-of-way or pavement width are insufficient to provide 14 feet; shared lane markings can be used in lieu of bicycle lanes where insufficient width exists to provide a wide enough bicycle lane to ensure safety.

 Bicycle lanes often collect debris and broken glass, and are often overlooked in maintenance and repair, which can potentially make them (or sections of them) unusable. For this reason, it is important to establish a regular program of street sweeping and repair to ensure that bicycle lanes will be usable and free of debris, glass, and potholes.

IMPLEMENTATION GUIDANCE

- Bicycle lanes (and pedestrian
 facilities) should be considered
 for implementation on all new
 roadway projects and resurfacing
 projects.
- Where possible, roadway lanes should be narrowed for inclusion of signed and marked bicycle lanes. Roadway lanes can be narrowed to 11 feet in nearly all cases, and can be narrowed to 10 feet on urban roadways having low volumes of truck traffic, generally less than 10%. Lanes as



This road in Panama City Beach, FL has 10-foot lanes (which easily accommodate large trucks) adjacent to 5-foot designated bike lanes (4 feet of asphalt, plus gutter pan).

narrow as 10 feet can safely accommodate traffic on lower speed roadways. Generally, the outside lane of a roadway needs to be a minimum of 14 feet wide (not including gutter width) to include a standard signed and marked bicycle lane.





- Incorporate bicycle lanes (and other bicycle and pedestrian improvements) into larger funded projects.
- On roadways with excess vehicle capacity, one or more travel lanes can be eliminated in favor of bicycle lanes and other features such as left turn lanes or on-street parking. This type of roadway project is known as a "Road Diet". The most common type of road diet project is to convert



A "road diet" project converted Edgewater Drive in Orlando, FL from a 4-lane undivided roadway to 2-lanes with center turn lane and bicycle lanes.

a four-lane undivided roadway to a two-lane roadway with continuous two-way center turn lane and bicycle lanes. On roadways with only two through lanes, prevailing speeds tend to be lower since prudent drivers control the speed of traffic. In other communities across the country, 4-lane roadways with volumes commonly as high as 15,000 vehicles per day have been successfully converted to 3-lanes with little, if any, decrease in traffic volumes. Additionally, these conversions typically result in a significant reduction in the number of crashes, allow the inclusion of on-street bike lanes (generally resulting in a better level of service for both bicyclists and pedestrians), and offer improvements for pedestrian crossings (with median islands, pedestrians can cross one direction at a time with refuge in the center).

The proposed plan includes two road diet projects, one on Duff Avenue and 30th Street, between 13th Street and Hoover Avenue and the other on Lincoln Way between Grand Avenue and Duff Avenue. However, there are other potential candidate roadways that should be considered for future road diets if the Duff Avenue project is judged to be successful. Criteria for other potential projects are existing 4-lane undivided roadways that have future 2035 projected volumes of 15,000 vehicles per day or lower.

PAVED SHOULDERS

Paved shoulders represent the portion of the roadway contiguous with the traveled way, for accommodation of stopped vehicles, emergency use and lateral support of sub-base, base and surface courses, often used by cyclists. They are typically used on rural roadways and highways, and are beneficial for cyclists on roadways that have higher speeds or traffic volumes. Paved shoulders can also provide a place for pedestrians to walk in locations where there is no sidewalk and the roadside is not suitable for walking. Considerations for paved shoulders include the following:

- Use a minimum width of 4 feet, increasing to at least 5 feet if adjacent to curb, guardrail, or other roadside barrier. Wider paved shoulders should be considered in areas with high bicycle usage, a high volume of heavy vehicles, or high speeds (greater than 50 mph).
- To prevent loose gravel from spilling onto the paved shoulder or travel lane, it is advised to pave the first 10-30 feet (or to the right-of-way line) of all unpaved driveways and cross streets.
- If rumble strips are used, a minimum 4-foot clear path from the edge of the rumble strip to the edge of pavement should be provided. Additionally, periodic gaps in the rumble strips should be provided to allow cyclists to cross over them as needed; gaps of at least 12 feet every 40 to 60 feet provide sufficient opportunities for cyclists.

INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENTS

Intersections are places of managed conflict, and are often very intimidating places for pedestrians and bicyclists. The conflicts at intersections is often why pedestrians are witnessed crossing streets away from intersections. Efficiently designed intersections keep numbers of lanes and lane widths under control and costs of roadway systems affordable. Conflict reducing designs provide for: low speed entries and turns, separation of conflicts in time and place, positive guidance, and operations clarity. Intersections can be kept compact and efficient through a combination of appropriately narrow lanes, appropriate curb radii, and curb extensions. Effective use of curb extensions, especially when onstreet parking is used, is a common way to assure safe and easy access to streets, minimize pedestrian crossing distances, and maximize the





Ames Area MPO 2035 Long Range Transportation Plan

efficiency of signal cycles and intersection performance.



At left, a poorly designed intersection that fails in safety and efficiency. At the right, an example of how the same intersection could be modified to be efficient and safe for pedestrians and motorists alike. The improved condition takes advantage of channelizing islands, medians, median noses and other compact intersection tools. People friendly intersections are capable of moving more traffic than older, larger designs. Due to medians and islands, the crossing distance at the improved intersection would decrease from 177 feet to 50 feet of actual lane exposure.

Specific features that should be considered to help improve an intersection for non-motorized users include the following:

HIGH VISIBILITY CROSSWALK MARKINGS – Well marked crosswalks are essential to good walking environments and alert motorists to pedestrian conflict areas, increase motorists yielding to pedestrians, enhance motorists' recognition of intersections, assist



people with visual impairment in their crossings, and attract pedestrians to the best crossing places with the most appropriate sight distances. Zebra or ladder style crosswalk markings are more visible to motorists and should be used in areas of high pedestrian activity or crossing of special emphasis, such as shared use paths. Ladder style markings are preferred by visually impaired people, since the ladder rails (shore lines) help guide them across streets. RIGHT TURN CHANNELIZATION – Overly wide intersections discourage pedestrian use. Right turn channelizing islands (sometimes called "pork chops") minimize pedestrian crossing times and distances. At signalized intersections, the use of right turn islands also reduces the required pedestrian signal clearance interval time (flashing don't walk) due to the shorter

crossing distance. However, the current designs of most right turn islands are not friendly to pedestrians, nor as safe as they need to be for mixing pedestrians





and motorists. The typical right turn channelization results in higher speeds, less visibility for pedestrians, and more sightline issues for motorists (who have to greatly turn their head to check for gaps in traffic). In contrast, the new approach (sometimes referred to as "Australian rights" or "Gap Acceptance Right Turns"), provides tighter angles, better pedestrian visibility and crossing safety, and improved motorist sightlines. For crossings of channelized right turn lanes where motorist yielding behavior may be problematic, consider raised speed tables between the edge of the roadway and the island. Raised crossings at these locations have proven to increase the instances of motorists yielding to pedestrians and slow speeds in advance of right turns.

MEDIAN NOSES - Median noses can be used to help provide a protective refuge for any pedestrians caught in the middle of the street during a crossing, and also help to control the speeds of left turning vehicles. Noses can be deep (6-12 feet), shallow (2-4 feet), or set behind crosswalks when no further extensions are possible. In rare cases, crosswalks can be skewed a few degrees in order to get median





noses to fit when considering vehicle turning paths, although more than a few degrees of skew can be problematic to blind people. Although it is not possible to get median noses on all legs of all intersections, careful attention to design can get placements in many locations.



 PEDESTRIAN SIGNALS - All signalized intersections require well maintained pedestrian signal heads on all legs. When signal heads are omitted pedestrians may not know when they are permitted to cross. Pedestrian countdown signals end much of the confusion that standard signal heads create ("I only had four seconds to cross the street before the hand started to flash at me"), and give a clear idea of actual time left

to complete the crossing. Countdown signals should be used on all new construction projects, and should be used as a retrofit replacement of older pedestrian signals, particularly on multi-lane roadways. In addition, careful attention should be paid to pedestrian clearance intervals. Per the 2009 MUTCD, walking rates of 3.5 feet per second, with 3.0 feet per second in areas with a significant population of seniors or those with disabilities, should be used to determine the length of flashing don't walk intervals. The walk phase for crossings should be no less than 4 seconds, with a minimum 7 seconds a more common time.

• **LEADING PEDESTRIAN INTERVAL** - Provides the pedestrian a head start in crossing at a signalized intersection (typically 3-5 seconds) before motor vehicle traffic is given a green light, and thereby helps to reduce pedestrian conflict with turning vehicles.





- YIELD TO PEDESTRIAN BLANK-OUT SIGNS These signs increase awareness of crossing pedestrians at intersections. Signs typically read "Yield to Pedestrians" during the concurrent movement green signal phase; this message can be displayed automatically during all signal cycles or only when the pedestrian phase has been actuated. During conflicting movement phases, the sign can either be blank, or can read "No Rights on Red" if it desired to prohibit this movement for the benefit of pedestrians legally crossing the path of the right on red movement.
- BICYCLE DETECTION Bicycle detector markings show bicyclists the proper positioning at an intersection to trigger a green light. If inductive loops are used for detection, the marking should be placed over either a separate bicycle-specific loop



detector (typically in a bicycle lane), or over the most sensitive part of a typical vehicle loop detector. Complimentary signage (R10-22) can be used to reinforce the message to cyclists. Relative to other detection technologies, many agencies have had more success with video detection than microwave or radar technologies in detecting bicyclists.





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